The Centre Reporter.

LD SERIES,, XL.
NEW SERIES XXI.

CENTRE HALL. PA., THURSDAY. APRIL 12. 1888.

NO. 15

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

FRED KURTZ, -- EDITOR.

SOME DOCTORS

honestly admit that they can't cure Rheumatism and Neuralgia. Others say they can but—don't. Ath-lo-pho-ros says nothing but—*cures*. That's the secret of its success. Years of trial have *proved* it to be a *quick, safe, sure* cure.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 3, 1887

In my own family Athlophoros was used as a last resort, the user having suffered from rheumatism for years and having been treated for the disease by different physicians in this State and Massachusetts without even temporary relief. Upon my recommendation scores of people have used this remedy with the same results claimed for it. C. H. WILSON.

Dubuque, Iowa, Jan. 3, 1888.

Athlophoros has completely cured me of nervous headache, and I feel thankful for all the good it has done me.

Mrs. LOUISE CHERRY.

☞ Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture, "Moorish Maiden."

THE ATHLOPHOROS CO. 112 Wall St. N.Y.

LEGAL NOTICE.—TAKE NOTICE, THAT James C. Boal has filed his first and final account as Committee of Daniel Fauber, of Potter towship, Centre Co., a lunatic in the office of the Prothonotary of Centre County, and that the same will be presented at the April term of court for confirmation. L. A SCHAEFFER,
29m4t Prothonotary.

SHOATS WANTED.

Apply at the Centre Hall Roller Mills tf.

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ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office opposite the Court House, on 2d floor of Furst's building. jan85

D. F. FORTNEY,
Attorney-at-Law,
Office in old Conard building, Bellefonte.

CLEMANT DALE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Bellefonte, Pa.
Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from first national bank. jan87

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DR. S. G GUTELIUS.—
Dentist, Millheim. Offers his professional services to the public. He is prepared to perform all operations in the dental profession. He is now fully prepared to extract teeth absolutely witho pain. my 2 7-

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SPANGLER & HEWES,
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BELLEFONTE, CENTRE CO., PENN'A.
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JOHN KLINE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BELLEFONTE, PA
Office on second floor of Furst's new building north of Court House. Can be consulted in English or German. 7m'y84

CAUTION.—THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY having been purchased of Jacob Catherman, by the undersigned, at constable's sale, and will be left in his possession at my pleasure, namely, 1 team of horses and harness, 1 cow. All persons are hereby cautioned against meddling with the same in any manner. DALE & CO.,
apr5 Centre Hall.

BUCKEYE IMPLEMENT AGENCY,

REBERSBURG, - - - PA.

To the Farmers:

I have taken the agency for Centre Co. for the sale of the Celebrated Buckeye Farm Implements, manufactured by C. Aultman & Co., Canton, Ohio, whose machines are considered the very best made in the country.

BINDERS!

The light Buckeye Folding Binder challenges the world for durability perfection of work and lightness of draft It folds so as to pass through any common gate.

BUCKEYE MOWER

Is considered the best in the market.

REAPERS, — —TWINE,
REAPERS, — —TWINE,
—STEAM ENGINES,—
—STEAM ENGINES, —
—NEW MODEL THRESHER.—
—NEW MODEL THRESHER.—

I can give you better machines and for less money than any.
Call on or address

C. M. GRAMLEY,
ap53m Rebersburg, Pa.

THE DEAD EMPEROR.

Brief Sketch of the Life and Career of One of the Most Noted Characters in European History.

Wilhelm Frederick Ludwig, King of Prussia and the first Emperor of the new Germany, was born March 22, 1797, and his death closes the career of one of the most prominent characters of European history.

He was the second son of Frederick William III. and Queen Louise, daughter of Duke Charles II. of Mecklenburg-Strelitz. Receiving a most careful education at the hands of Profs. Delbruech and Reimann and General von Dierike, he showed in his early childhood a clear and practical mind. At the restoration of the Prussians, 1813, the Prince followed his father to Breslau, whence the call to arms sounded, and in 1814, when he was made a Captain, took part in the war in France. He gained at Bar sur Aube on the 26th of February the iron cross, and was present at the entry of Paris on the 31st of May. After going through all the military grades he was in 1825 made General in command and leader of the body guard.

He was united in marriage in 1829 with Princess Augusta, of Sax Weimar. In 1831 the Princess presented him with a son, the successor to the throne, and in 1838 with a daughter, the present Grand Duchess of Baden. After his elder brother ascended the throne in 1840, and he was proclaimed presumptive heir Prince of Prussia, he devoted himself, besides pursuing his military career, to the care and welfare of the working class by establishing a special union, which, however, lost in the revolution of 1848 its significance.

After the Prince, in consequence of the Berlin street fights on the 18th of March, had as a member of the Ministry of State signed the patent of the King to grant a constituent constitution, he left at the special wish of the monarch to calm the excited people, who looked upon him as the main support of the Absolutist party of the

EMPEROR WILHELM.

Prussian State, in order to clear his political opinion in hospitable England, by exchanging ideas with Peel, Lord John Russell, Palmerston, but especially with Prince Albert.

In the fullest accord with the people's demands for liberal institutions, the Prince was able after, by an early and opportune return to the Fatherland, to confess, as chosen deputy of the National assembly, frankly and unreservedly that he would stay faithfully and conscientiously by the new form of government, and would always protect it. On the 8th of June, 1849, he was given the chief command of the troops which were appointed to suppress the revolution in the south of Germany. In a few weeks, after he had in Maine escaped an attempted assassination, the insurrecting Pfalz and Baden people were subjected. After the celebration of the fiftieth military anniversary, congratulated by Deputies who represented the people and the army, in the same year, the King, who had fallen sick in the meantime, made him his representative in the Government.

With this new era the power of Prussia commenced, and all hopes of the patriotic and liberal parties turned to the Prince. Being Regent from 1858 to 1861, and from that time King of Prussia, it was now the task of his reign, after the nomination of the liberal Honenzollern ministry, first to regulate the internal position of the State by elevating the finances and commerce of the country and reforms in trade. Then came the administration of justice and agricultural affairs, the regulation of the affairs of the churches, and especially the promotion of the marine and the reorganization of the army. Unfortunately the Regent did not find it his principal task to increase and strengthen the army. The majority refused to advance the increase of cost of the reorganization of 1860.

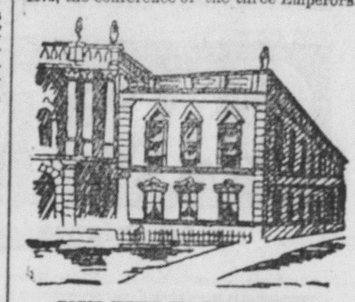
Great excitement and sympathy were created by the King's attempted assassination by the student, Becker, in Baden-Baden, on July 14, 1860. Several shots were fired, but fortunately the King was only slightly hurt. Through the refusal of the grant for the already completed organization of the army a fatal constitutional conflict arose which was not settled by the attitude of the King toward the princely Congress at Frankfurt, in 1863, nor by the difficulties in Schleswig-Holstein, in 1864. William, who with iron firmness and personal devotion held to what he had created, dismissed the ministry in 1862 in order to leave to ex-Embassador von Bismarck the formation of a new one. While for a time the reforms of the interior came to a standstill a decided political change took place under Bismarck's bold and clever advice upon the German question under his guidance in 1866 came the struggle with Austria. After having accomplished many

EMPEROR FREDERICK III.

brilliant victories in a short time, accompanied by his great General, Von Moltke, the principal battle being fought at Koniggratz, and also practically forcing into an amicable disposition the German Princes opposed to Prussia, William offered the landtage or provincial diet through an indemnity law the hand of peace, which was gladly accepted, and the most thorough accord between Prince and people was restored.

Being chosen under the constitution of the North German alliance as its President from July 1, 1867, King William inclined again toward more liberal courses. He saw the great work of his military creation doubly crowned through the war with France which broke out in 1870, and which brought him and the army new laurels.

Through the proclamation of January 18, 1871, which made him Emperor, William accepted for himself and his successor to the crown of Prussia the title of German Emperor. After his return to Berlin, the 16th of June, 1871, he devoted himself with all his energy to the affairs of government, completed the military organization of the German Empire, and also the interior reform of Prussia. He removed the coolness between Russia and Austria, through which was brought about in September, 1872, the conference of the three Emperors.



HOUSE WHERE THE EMPEROR DIED.

Through the result of such indefatigable activity for the general welfare, the love of the people for the Emperor was strikingly manifested at the celebration of the seventieth anniversary of his military career, and of his eightieth birthday in 1877. There was expressed a universal feeling of horror when a man, a tinker from Leipsig, named Heodel, a Socialist, on the 11th of May, 1878, shot several times upon the Emperor, Unter den Linden in Berlin, fortunately without result, and when, three weeks later, on the 2d of June, in almost the same place, at the gate of the Thiergarten, he was badly wounded, receiving thirty small shot in the head and arm. The shooting was done by a seemingly fanatic named Carl Noebeling, who fired twice out of a window at No. 18. The Emperor's condition became such that the Crown Prince had to be nominated on the 4th of June as representative.

During all these trials the Emperor preserved his usual tranquility. Under the care of the doctors he soon recovered from his wounds, and on the 20th of September was able to be present at the great review of the Eleventh army corps near Wabern. After that he was present at the unvailing of the statue of his father, which was erected at Coeln, and, after having sojourned for some time in Wiesbaden and Baden-Baden, he returned on the 5th of December to Berlin, where he again assumed control of the Government.

The murderer Hoedel was beheaded in Berlin, on August 15. Noebeling died September 23 in consequence of his wounds, which he himself had inflicted in attempting to commit suicide.

The Emperor William had an imposing martial figure, and regular and pleasant features. His continual regular activity and plain and frugal manner of living retained to him to the ripest age a remarkable degree of mental and physical strength.

A PRINCE AND HIS FIANCE.

Prince Oscar of Sweden and His Intended Bride, Miss Ebba Munck.

Miss Ebba Munck, who is to become the bride of Prince Oscar, second son of the King of Sweden and Norway, is not, as might be supposed, a peasant girl, as was the mother of William the Conqueror, and the brides of many a European prince has been, but is of noble birth, her father belonging to the lower order of Swedish nobility. Miss Munck was holding an appointment at the court as lady of the chamber in waiting on the Crown Princess. In the autumn of 1885, when her royal highness made a tour in Germany after attending the wedding of her brother, the Archduke of Baden, at Carlsruhe, she visited Amsterdam to consult Dr. Metzgar, a renowned physician, and whilst staying at Amsterdam the royal frigate Vanadis, bearing Prince Oscar, one of her officers, dropped anchor there on the return from a voyage around the world. Here Oscar and Miss Ebba met and fell in love with each other. The match did not meet with the approval of the court and the

MISS EBBA MUNCK.

PRINCE OSCAR OF SWEDEN.

young lady resigned her place, and accepted a position in the royal office of charities to the poor.

She became a well-known visitor among the poor, the sick and the destitute of Stockholm and was for many months a nurse in one of the hospitals established by the Queen. Her ministrations brought on a long and dangerous illness and she narrowly escaped death. This benevolence on her part confirmed Prince Oscar's esteem and affection for her, for he is himself a devotedly religious and charitable young man.

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Look At These Prices:

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Cashmeres, from	5c to $1
Henrietta Cloth, 42 and 46 in. wide.	50c to $1
Embroideries, from	2c to 1.50
from the narrow to 1 1-2 yd. wide.	
Black Silks, from	45c to $2
Colored Silks, from	35c to 1.50
Towelings, from	4 to 15c
Muslins, from	4 1-2c and up.
Prints,	3c
Plaids,	5c
Ginghams,	4c
5-button Kid Gloves,	50c to 1.50
Childrens' Hose,	3c to 50c
Ladies' Hose,	5c to $1
Jerseys,	45c to $4
Cashmere Shawls,	85c to $5
Ladies' Linen Cuffs,	10 to 25c
" " Collars,	8 to 25c
Corsets,	25c to $2
Thompson's Glove-Fitting Corset.	90c
	2.00
Dr. Ball's. and Dr Shilling's Corsets.	
Ladies' Dress Button Shoes,	1·25
" Kid " "	1.25
Childrens' Shoes,	25c to 1.50
Misses "	75c to $2
Boys' "	75c to $2
Mens' Working Shoes,	90c to 1.50
Boys' Suits, 3 to 14 yr.	$1 to 5
Boys' Suits, 13 to 20 yrs.	$2 to 10
Mens' Suits,	$3.75 to 10
Mens' Dress Suits,	$5 to 20
Ingrain Carpets,	20 to 75c
Brussels "	48 to 70c
Body Brussels,	95c to 1.25
Boys' Shirt Waists,	16 to 80c
Boys' Knee Pants,	25c to 1.50

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The Greatest Stock!
The Lowest Prices!

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LYON & CO., Bellefonte, Pa.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

FRED. KURTZ, EDITOR and PROP'R

CENTRE HALL, PA. THURS, APRIL 12, 1888.

TERMS:—One year, $1.50, when paid in advance. Those in arrears subject to previous terms.

Advertisements 20 cents per line for 3 insertions, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

The Crain amendment to the constitution, providing for the change of inauguration day from March 4 to April 20, and making the commencement of the terms of members of congress the 1st of January, was defeated in the house by a vote of 80 to 154.

EXCURSIONS.

Business men and settlers looking for new locations or investments can reach all principal points in Minnesota and Dakota at a cost of one fare for the round trip, by availing themselves of the excursions announced via the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Ry. from St. Paul, Minn. Tickets good for 30 days. Very low excursion rates have been made also via this line to Helena and Great Falls, Montana, tickets good for four months Further particulars can be obtained by addressing C. H. Warren, General Pasenger Agent, St. Paul, Minn., or S. L. Warren, General Eastern Agent, 287 Broadway, N. Y. 4ge.o.w.

SPRING GOODS.

We would respectfully announce to our many patrons in Centre co. that we have received an immense line of spring and summer goods. We were in the market in time to select a fine stock and have opened up the same for your inspection. We have an unusually large and complete line of suitings for our merchant tailoring department Altogether new styles in cloth will be worn for spring and summer and can be seen at our store. Remember that if you want a fine spring suit. You can get it much cheaper now than when there is a rush. Our line of ready made clothing complete and lower in price than ever. Come and see the new styles just received at

PHILAD. BRANCH.

GIVE AMERICAN BOYS A CHANCE.

The question is often asked why do so few American boys learn trades. There seem to be two chief reasons for this unfortunate condition of things. The first is that somehow the notion prevails that a mechanic is not as respectable as a salesman, a bookkeeper, a clerk or a telegraph operator. Although a good mechanic may easily earn from $20 a week upwards, while the thousands of would-be clerks and salesmen are out of employment because no place can be found for them at half that sum, the false notion that a half starved clerk is more respectable than a well-paid mechanic serves to keep the ranks of the semi-respectable class full to overflowing. A Chicago merchant recently advertised for one book-keeper at $15 a week, and by noon the next day had received four hundred and thirty-seven applications for the position. The other reason why American boys are tradeless is that the trade unions, dominated often by foreign mechanics, have put up the bars against apprentices. The American boy, who is willing to fly in the face of the social dictum that a trade is not respectable, can scarcely find a master who is willing or dares to take him and teach him the rudiments of a skilled handicraft.

The first named reason appears to have taken firmer hold in the United States than anywhere else notwithstanding that no titles or other aristocracy exists here. This strikes one as inconsistant to the last degree in a country the chief cornerstone of the government of which is the declaration that all men are created equal. In Imperial Germany it is considered the proper thing for even the sons of royalty and the nobility to have a trade. The present Emperor, Frederick III, is a skillful jeweler; the crown Prince William is a glover, and Prince Henry, the future Admiral of the German navy, is a watchmaker If men born to rule empires and control the destinies of nations find it no disgrace to be able to earn their living by a handicraft in case of need, how worse than foolish it is for those who must earn their living somehow to confine themselves to a choice between a half-paid clerkship and the lowest form of unskilled labor. It seems that a republic, after all, develops the most silly as well as the most universal form of snobbery known to the civilized world. Starvation is the only sure remedy for this false notion and the sooner a little sound common sense is starved into the great army of semi-genteel Americans the better it will be for them and their children

This first and most necessary step being taken, the American people should set to it that a way is provided by which their boys can be taught the use of their hands. The future of the American boy is at stake in this matter, and if the American people are true to themselves they will not allow a restrictive policy to be persisted in which must result in leaving the United States in the next generation entirely dependent on foreign countries for its skilled labor, while an army of worse than useless native-born citizens are living a hand-to-mouth life for the want of the skilled training which they should have received in youth. —*Phila. Times.*

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. A. O. Furst, President of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th Judicial District, consisting of the counties of Centre and Huntingdon, and the Hon. Chester Munson and the Hon. Daniel Rhoads Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 29th day of March, 1888, to me directed, for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the Peace in Bellefonte, for the county of Centre, and to commence on the 4th Monday of April being the 23rd day of April, 1888, and to continue two weeks. Notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said county of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the 23rd, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertain to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 29th day of March, in the year of our Lord 1888, and the one hundred and twelfth year of the Independence of the United States.

ROBERT COOK, Sheriff.

A good draft horse, weight about 1100 Write, stating price, etc., to

GEORGE MAHLE,
Wilkesbarre, Pa.

SPRING OPENING

—AT—

S.&A.LOEB

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If you want to buya new Carpet this Spring, come and see our immense line which we are selling at lowest prices. We have all grades.

Clothing

Our reputation in Centre County for selling only the best grade of clothing is an established fact. We never handle immitations or shoddy and our customers know what they buy. Have new stock and all the late styles in Clothing.

Dry Goods

We would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies to our Dry Goods Department. Our Stock comprises the new styles and latest novelties in cloths for Spring and Summer wear.

S.&A.LOEB

BELLEFONTE, - Pa,

WALL PAPER :

WINDOW SHADES AND FIXTURES.

Painting and Paper Hanging, A SPECIALTY AT

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46 High Street,

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We have the Largest Stock of Wall Pa- ever brought to Bellefonte, at prices lower than ever before.

BROWN BACKS 7c, WHITE BACKS 12c, PATENT BACKS 10c, WHITE BACKS 12c, SATINS and MICAS 12c, GOLD from 15 to 45c. Embossed Golds and Flocks from 45 cents to $1.75 per piece.

COLOR BORDERS—6 band 12c, 5 band 15 cents, 4 band 25 cents, 3 band 35 cents, 2 band 45 cents, 1 band 75 cents.

GOLD EMBOSSED BORDERS—5 band 25 cents, 4 band 35 cents, 3 band 45 cents, 2 band 75 cents, 1 band $1.00 to $2.50.

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We have good Painters and Paper Hangers constantly in our employ. Are prepared to execute work on short notice and in a workman-like manner.

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1. AGRICULTURE (*Three Courses*) and AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY; with constant illustrations on the Farm and in the Laboratory.
2. BOTANY and HORTICULTURE; theoretical and practical. Students taught original study with the microscope.
3. CHEMISTRY; with an unusually full and thorough course in the Laboratory.
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Winter term opens January 11, 1888; spring term, April 5th, 1888. For Catalogue or other information, address

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ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS MANITOBA RAILWAY.

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REPORTED WEEKLY BY KURTZ & SON.

Prices subject to fluctuations of market.

Wheat, red	$ 85	Oats	30
Wheat, white	80	Rye	50
Corn, shelled	45	Barley, No. 1	50

Barley No. 2, mixed with oats, bought at oats weight and price.

Wheat mixed with Rye bought at rye weigh and price.

FLOUR AND FEED.

Fancy Pat. Flour	1 45	Bran per ton	18 00
Best Roller Flour	$ 1 35	Bran, retail, cwt.	1 00
2d Best Roll'r Flour	1 25	Chop per ton	22 00
Middlings per ton	20 00	" retail per cwt	1 25

COAL MARKET,

Broken	$5.00
Egg	5.50
Stove	5.75
Small Stove	5.75
Chestnut	5.50
Pea	3.50
Woodland	4.00
Soft	2.75

A discount on all above prices will be made for CASH.

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Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.

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I am now able to sell guns as cheaply as anyone in America, and will meet any competitor's price.

The Hunting Public is respectfully requested to call and examine my stock, which is now arriving.

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PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD — (Philadelphia and Erie Division)—on and after Nov. 20, 1887.

		WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL	leaves	Philadelphia	11 25	p m
"	"	Harrisburg	3 30	a m
"	"	Montandon	5 56	a m
"	"	Williamsport	7 10	a m
"	"	Jersey Shore	7 35	a m
"	"	Lock Haven	7 58	a m
"	"	Renovo	8 50	a m
"	arr at	Erie	2 55	p m
NEWS EXPRESS	leaves	Philadelphia	4 30	a m
"	"	Harrisburg	8 10	a m
"	"	Montandon	10 12	a m
"	"	Williamsport	11 10	a m
"	arr at	Lock Haven	12 10	p m
NIAGARA EXP.	leaves	Philadelphia	7 40	a m
"	"	Harrisburg	11 25	a m
"	"	Montandon	1 14	a m
"	arr at	Williamsport	2 15	p m
"	"	Lock Haven	3 50	p m
"	"	Renovo	4 20	p m
"	"	Kane	8 35	p m
FAST LINE	leaves	Philadelphia	11 50	p m
"	"	Harrisburg	3 45	p m
"	"	Montandon	5 54	p m
"	"	Williamsport	7 10	p m
"	"	Lock Haven	8 02	p m
"	arr at	Renovo	9 00	p m
		(Sunday Train.		
SUNDAY MAIL	leaves	Philadelphia	4 30	a m
"	"	Harrisburg	7 40	a m
"	"	Montandon	9 37	a m
"	"	Williamsport	10 40	a m
"	"	Lock Haven	11 34	a m
"	arrives	Renovo	12 30	p m
		EASTWARD.		
SEA SHORE EXP.	leaves	Lock Haven	7 05	a m
"	"	Jersey Shore	7 25	a m
"	"	Williamsport	8 15	a m
"	"	Montandon	9 17	a m
"	arr at	Harrisburg	11 30	a m
"	"	Philadelphia	3 15	p m
DAY EXPRESS	leaves	Kane	6 25	a m
"	"	Renovo	10 20	a m
"	"	Lock Haven	11 15	a m
"	"	Williamsport	12 20	p m
"	"	Montandon	1 22	p m
"	arr at	Harrisburg	3 15	p m
"	"	Philadelphia	6 50	p m
RENOVO AC'N	leaves	Renovo	4 05	p m
"	"	Lock Haven	5 05	p m
"	"	Williamsport	6 20	p m
"	"	Montandon	7 28	p m
"	arrives at	Harrisburg	9 30	p m
"	"	Philadelphia	4 25	a m

Sunday Train—RENOVO Accommod'n East runs also on Sunday.

ERIE MAIL	leaves	Erie	2 45	p m
"	"	Renovo	11 00	p m
"	"	Lock Haven	11 58	p m
"	"	Williamsport	1 25	a m
"	"	Montandon	2 27	a m
"	arr at	Harrisburg	4 30	a m
"	"	Philadelphia	8 25	a m

Erie Mail East, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. Trains.

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R. at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R., and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.

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Daily Except Sunday.

Westward.			STATIONS.	Eastward.		
P M	A.M.	A.M.		A M	P.M.	P M
1 30	10 15	5 50	Montandon	9 10	1 10	5 4
1 40	10 25	6 15	Lewisburg	9 00	12 58	5 35
1 48		6 24	Biehl	8 51		5 22
1 55		6 30	Vicksburg	8 45		5 25
2 05		6 41	Mifflinburg	8 35		5 08
2 20		6 56	Millmont	8 22		4 53
2 30		7 05	Laurelton	8 13		4 43
3 03		7 40	Paddy Mountain	7 40		4 08
3 15		7 52	Coburn	7 27		3 55
3 25		7 58	Zerby	7 19		3 45
3 35		8 10	Rising Spring	7 10		3 35
4 45		8 18	Penn Cave	7 00		3 27
3 54		8 25	Centre Hall	6 52		3 20
3 59		8 33	Gregg	6 48		3 13
4 08		8 42	Linden Hall	6 36		3 05
4 15		8 48	Oak Hall	6 30		3 00
4 19		8 52	Lemont	6 25		2 55
4 25		8 59	Dale Summit	6 20		2 50
4 35		9 09	Pleasant Gap	6 10		2 40
4 41		9 14	Axemann	6 04		2 34
4 45		9 20	Bellefonte	6 00		2 30

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 9.55 a m, and 7.10 p m, returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 9.20 a m, 6.00 p m and 7.30 p m.

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Established 1883.

LATE STYLES—NEW GOODS.

SPRING & SUMMER OPENING.

PALACE OF BEAUTY

From DAILY NEWS. Feb. 6:

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Our Goods: Best in the Market

ALLEGHANY ST., BELLEFONTE, PENNA.

Our Prices The Very Lowest.

A TORNADO IN IOWA.

Dwellings Demolished and Several Persons Injured.

DAMAGE BY FLOODS.—RAILWAY BRIDGES SWEPT AWAY AND TRAINS ABANDONED.—LOWLANDS SUBMERGED AND FENCES AND OUT BUILDINGS CARRIED AWAY.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, April 6.—During a violent electric storm yesterday, a cyclone passed over the city from southwest to northeast. The funnel shaped cloud was seen by many and was accompanied by a roaring noise. It struck in but one place on the extreme northwest part of the city, and then rebounded in the air, passing rapidly over the western suburbs.

At the place where the cloud struck it picked up the residence of Mark Modin and hurled it to the ground in the rear of the lot. Mrs. Modin was severely injured. The house of Mr. Richmond was wrecked, and a barn near by was split into kindling wood Mr. Modin says he saw two clouds form and meet, and in a moment his house was hurled from its foundation.

At Sibley, a tornado swept over the country, doing immense damage to property. Without a moment's warning the wind rose from a slight breeze to a hurricane, and in a short time chimneys, fences, lumber and other property were torn from their resting places and hurled through the air. A large chimney on the public school building crashed through the roof into the midst of the teacher's institute, but aside from a few slight bruises no one was hurt. The agricultural warehouse of Grant & Hanna was moved from its foundation and now stands at an angle of 45 degrees. Reports from the rural districts bring intelligence of damage to stock. The house of Jacob Brooks was lifted from its foundation and torn into fragments.

The flood on the Missouri, immediately above Sioux City, has been the highest and most disastrous since the memorable inundation of the spring of 1881. The region inundated is the low ground on the Dakota side, above the Sioux river. During the breaking of the ice two weeks ago an immense gorge formed in the curved channel of the Missouri below Elk Point. A dam was formed, and the whole expause of low country overflowed.

In every direction for miles the whole country was under water. Elk Point was a diminutive island in a vast sea of angry waters. The country there is thickly settled, and many farmers had already removed their live stock to the bluffs. Most of the houses are built on eminences, but in most cases the flood overflowed these also. Some live stock was lost, but how much is not known, as it has been impossible to reach the country. Just below Elk Point the county authorities have dug an immense ditch along the line of the lowest depression, northeasterly towards the Sioux river, to carry off flood waters.

This ditch carried a flood of waters with great violence into the Sioux river above the St. Paul Railroad bridge. There was thus a vast river several miles wide sweeping across the lowlands. It plowed out the ditch and threatened to change the channel of the Missouri in conformity with it; tore away fences, hay-stacks, small outbuilding and everything in its way. It is now learned from Superintendent Beardsly, of the Milwaukee Company, that about four miles of the railroad track was washed out this side of Elk Point.

The violence of the current may be inferred from the fact that about a mile and a quarter of the track, including railroad ties and iron, has been carried two miles away from the roadbed and left in the fields. The Sioux river, swollen by the flood waters of the Missouri, rapidly accumulated a great mass of drift wood and ice against the railroad bridge. The pressure was sufficient to move the bridge three feet, and would have swept the structure away but for the precautions taken by the railroad company to save the bridge. However, it will take two weeks to repair the damage. Tuesday night the gorge which had caused all the trouble suddenly broke. The confined flood rushed down stream like a race horse and with an ominous roaring sound. The rise here was 10 feet in less that two hours, and the lower part of the city was threatened.

Yesterday the river fell some, but it is still very high. Above, in the region of Elk Point, the water still stands deep on the low grounds, and it will take many days before it can be drained off. It is thought no lives have been lost.

ROCK FALLS INUNDATED.

CHICAGO, April 6.—The greatest freshet ever known in that country was experienced last night in the town of Rock Falls, Iowa. The iron bridge, 155 feet long, and the dam, are both gone, and the damage to property there will not fall short of $25,000. About two weeks ago the ice in the Shell Rock river became loose and formed an immense gorge, miles in extent, and some places piled up twenty feet high. The heavy rain of Thursday loosened the water in the creeks, which poured in a resistless current into the river, forcing it beyond its banks and loosening the ice gorge, which came down the river with such force that everything in its course was swept before the flood. The village of Rock Falls was completely inundated; houses and barns were crushed and swept away, and in some instances no vestage remains of what was before a substantial structure. The house of Mr. Cruikshank, in which he lived with his wife and three children, was crushed like an egg shell.

The husband, hearing the roar of the torrent of ice and water, got out of bed, and before he could light a lamp the water in his chamber was up to his waist. He pushed two of his children through a trap-door, following them, his wife with her babe refusing to leave. The woman rushed with her child to the upper story of the house just as it was yielding to the force of the flood and escaped through the roof by jumping on the floating ice, where they remained for two hours until daylight, when neighbors rescued them.

A house in which Mrs. Anderson lived with her five children was swept away from its foundation and alighted against some trees where it lodged, the woman and child escaping on the floating ice, where they remained barefooted and in their nightclothes until daylight, when the water receded and their rescue made. If it had not been that the ice gorge broke, causing the flood to subside, they would doubtless have perished. A vacant house was crushed and demolished, and outbuildings and stable and sheds were swept away.

The large barn of R. M. Todd was carried off; the veranda of his elegant residence was crushed and broken, and large cakes of ice now cover the porches. The large bridge went out when the ice gorge gave way. Miles of fences were torn from the land where the water was never known to reach before, When the water receded it left immense piles of ice in the streets.

WAVERLY SUBMERGED.

WAVERLY, Iowa, April 6.—This city has been visited by one of the most fearful inundations that it has ever witnessed. The Cedar river at this place has been rising at the rate of a foot an hour, and has over-leaped itself, and half the town is submerged.

The mills are stopped and the tracks of the Waverly Short Line railroad are under water. The flood still continues, and the water to-night is within 100 feet of Bremer.

FOUR BOYS DROWNED.

STNSGAR, Iowa, April 6,—The Cedar river at this point is higher than it has been for several years. A wagon load of men and boys in attempting to cross a small tributary yesterday were washed down the stream and four of the boys and the team were drowned. The names of the drowned are Frank Bundy, Isaac Lanstrom, Frank Rahmes and Andrew Golberg. Only the body of Andrew Golberg has been recovered. The high water has damaged considerable mill property also.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

CENTREVILLE, Mich., April 6.—A remarkably severe thunder storm passed over this place yesterday afternoon, doing much damage to property, and causing the loss of three lives. James Parson's barn, in Sherman township, was struck by lightning and totally destroyed, Mr. Parsons and his little child and a Mrs Vakee being instantly killed at the same time.

RAILWAY BRIDGE SWEPT AWAY.

CHICAGO, April 7.—A despatch from St. Paul, Minn., says: Telegrams from a dozen points in Dakota report heavy rains and raging rivers. The river is bank full at Washburn and still rising, and the bottom lands below are flooded for miles. At Gladstone, Dakota, the Hart river is rapidly rising. At South Hart the railway bridge has been swept away and all trains are temporarily abandoned.

At Mankato, Minn., the Minnesota is leaving its banks. The ice is moving in immense cakes, and a gorge is feared below the city. Twenty head of stock belonging to Adam Jefferson were drowned on the low-lands. The river rose 15 feet Wednesday night, and yesterday was still rising.

A CHURCH DESTROYED.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 6.—During the storm Wednesday the Catholic church at Shieldsville, Minn., was struck by lightning and destroyed. It was a stone structure, built last season, and cost $25,000. John Healy, of Shieldsville, while on his way home from Faribault, was struck by a portion of a roof from a building, near Canon Lake, and fatally injured. Henry Streckley was killed at Medford.

DAMAGE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

READING, PA., April 6.—Reports received here to-day from the country districts show that the damage by last night's thunder and lightning storm was widespread. The barn of Joel Heinbach, near Gilbertsville, was struck and destroyed, together with its contents and the live stock. Adam Ernst's barn, near Doualdson, was destroyed, with its contents, including seven mules and two cows. The loss by these two fires was $8500.

The large farm house of Adam Seaman, in Berne township, this county, was struck and burned, with all its contents. The family fled to the houses of the neighbors in their night dresses. The farm house of Samuel Dunkelberger, near by, was also burned, with its contents, Several barns were destroyed across the county line in Bucks and Montgomery counties.

EASTON, Pa., April 6.—The heavy rain last night has caused another rise in the Lehigh and Delaware rivers and the stoppage of industrial works and navigation. During last night's storm lightning damaged three dynamos in the Electric Light building and cut off all circuits. About one hundred feet of Lehigh track sank this morning at Musconetcong to the depth of four feet, necessitating the running all trains on single track to-day at slow speed.

—The recent heavy rains in Jackson, Mississippi, have caused the rear walls of the Capitol building to sink, and fears are entertained for its safety. An architect, who is now examining the building, thinks that an expenditure of $100,000 in repairs will be necessary to put it in a safe condition. The Capitol was built 50 years ago. For several years past it has been thought by many that the building was in a dangerous condition. The Supreme Court has removed its quarters. The U. S. steamer Despatch has blown up the steamer E. C. Knight, a derelect wreck, off Barnegat, New Jersey. A slight shock of earthquake was felt in Holbrook, Arizona Territory, on the evening of the 1st, lasting ten seconds. The vibration was from east to west. Houses trembled.

—Mrs. Tillie Sipp, 35 years of age, while in a fit of insanity on the morning of the 3d, threw her 12-year-old son George out of the window of the fourth story of their house in New York, and jumped after him. It is thought they will both die. The husband of the woman is a baker, and was not home at the time.

A BRIDGE DISASTER.

A PASSENGER TRAIN PLUNGES INTO A CREEK.

THE CARS SUBMERGED.—A NUMBER OF PERSONS KILLED AND INJURED.

ST. PAUL, April 5.—A special to the *Despatch*, from New Hampton, Iowa, says: A terrible accident occurred about four miles west of this town, on the Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad, by which at least a dozen persons lost their lives and from fifteen to twenty were injured. The train which left Chicago at 11.30 yesterday morning and was due here at 2.30 this morning, passed here nearly on time, and when about four miles west, plunged into a creek, the bridge of which was washed out.

The creek was swollen by the immense amount of water which has been running off for the past two days, and, in addition, a gorge of ice was formed, which, previous to the arrival of the train, carried away a portion of the bridge. There was nothing to show that there was danger ahead, and the train plunged into the swollen stream while running at full speed. The engine and three coaches went into the creek and were submerged in the torrent of water which overflowed the banks.

A scene of the wildest confusion ensued and those of the train crew and passengers who escaped death or injury were immediately called into service to relieve the drowning or pinioned passengers. It was with great difficulty that the passengers could be reached, owing to the rushing of the waters through the car windows. Those who were rescued from the smoking car, which was almost entirely submerged, were taken from the windows, some maimed to such an extent that they were powerless to help themselves, while others were nearly drowned before aid could reach them.

At this hour, 11 A. M., six dead bodies have been taken out from the wreck, and three more are known to be underneath the debris, through which the water is madly pouring, and it is difficult to reach them. It is also stated that the engineer and fireman were instantly killed, or were caught in the cab and drowned before aid could reach them, but the confusion and excitement are so great that it is difficult to secure reliable information.

In addition to the passengers known to be killed from 15 to 20 have been rescued that are more or less seriously injured. A number are so dangerously hurt that it is feared that they cannot possibly recover. As soon as a train man who escaped injury could be spared he was despatched to the station and a relief was telegraphed for from Mason City.

Telegrams for relief were also sent to Charles City and other near by places, but it was not until several hours after the accident that a train arrived with physicians to care for the injured, and additional helping hands to aid in rescuing those still confined in the wreck. It is understood here that a relief train has been sent from the West, and a number of injured removed to Charles City, sixteen miles west of the scene of the accident.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

CHARLES CITY, Iowa, April 5.—The wreck on the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railroad, some claim, was caused by ice on the track, while others claim it was by spreading of the rails. The engine jumped the track first, and the baggage car and tender plunged over the engine into the water. The smoker struck on top of the engine and was badly smashed. The engine is entirely under water, and the baggage car is almost covered by water.

There were about thirty people in the smoker at the time, four of whom were killed so far as known, besides the engineer crushed between the cab and the smoker. The fireman escaped unhurt. There were about 25 to 30 wounded, though none fatal. The belief is that there is three or more bodies yet under the wreck. The baggageman and the route agent escaped through the window without much injury. The names of the dead that have been learned are as follows:

Mr. W. Anderson.
Mr. C. Seavenson.
J. Dencles.
James Scagel, engineer, of Mitchell, Dakota.
Doa Heidecker.
Lotta, a girl about four years old.

The names of the wounded are (only two being obtained) that of Mr. O. B. Allen and H. Sear, both of Nora Springs. One Chicago travelling man, and the conductor kept the passengers quiet until they could help them out. The wounded are mostly by burns from the engine. The mails and baggage are in the river.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

—The gorge at the mouth of the Big Sioux river broke on the evening of the 3d and the water was running off rapidly on the 4th. Two miles of the Milwaukee and St. Paul track is washed out and much more is badly damaged, but the work of repair will begin at once. All danger is now over.

—Two freight trains on the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad collided near Quarry, Iowa, on the 2d. Four men were injured. Both engines and ten cars containing stock were demolished.

—Two fourteen-year-old boys, one the son of a Rev. Mr. Ballantine, the other the son of a Rev. Mr. McLeod, quarrelled at Groton, Connecticut, on the morning of the 3d. Young Ballantine ended the dispute by discharging a rifle at his antagonist causing a fatal wound. W. W. Hazeltine, a prominent lawyer, was shot dead by John Curran, a gambler, at Stevens Point, Wisconsin, early on the morning of the 3d. Hazeltine had threatened to kill Curran, as an accomplice of A. E. Morse in the betrayal of Hazeltine's wife. Morse was killed by Hazeltine in 1885, and the murderer was acquitted on the ground of emotional insanity.

—The moving of the Brighton Beach Hotel upon cars was successfully accomplished on the 3d. It was moved thirty feet from its old foundation.

—The strike on all the railroads in Chicago was ended on the 4th, except that on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, and the men returned to work. This was the result of a mass meeting held with closed doors on the evening of the 3d, but the meeting declared its undivided confidence in the cause and conduct of the Burlington strikers, and urged them to fight with even greater though always honorable fury. Nothing is to be left undone to bring the Burlington to terms.

—The flood at Elk Point on the Upper Missouri river has subsided, and the settlers are going back to their homes. During a thunder storm on the morning of the 2d lightning struck an oil tank at Emlenton, Penna., owned by the National Transit Company. One house, a barn, four engines and an engine house, together with about 800 barrels of oil, were destroyed.

—At Celaya, Mexico on Easter Sunday, a number of prisoners, army deserters and others, obtained permission from the authorities to attend a bull fight. The plaza was constructed of wooden masts, reeds, etc., and one of the prisoners struck a match and lighted one of the dry masts. The flames spread with great rapidity and a panic ensued among the large audience. The bulls broke loose from their stalls and rushed wildly through the crowd, knocking over all who stood in their way. Eighteen women and children were killed and 68 persons were badly burned, it being feared that at least 10 of the number will die. Fifty persons in escaping were knocked down and trampled upon by the throng, and some of them were badly though not fatally injured. No man lost his life. A freight train on the Southern Pacific Railroad ran into a construction train near San Fernando Tunnel, Los Angeles county, California, on the evening of the 3d. Engineer Westerfield and Fireman Brooks were killed, and a number of laborers were badly injured.

—Revised returns of the election in Chicago on the 3d showing that in the Aldermanic contests the Republicans elected 19 and the Democrats 11 members of the City Council. The party representation in the new Council will be 32 Republicans, 15 Democrats and 1 Socialist. This is a gain for the Republicans. In Galesburg two of the striking engineers of the Burlington road were elected Aldermen.

—In the municipal elections throughout Missouri on the 3d much interest centred in the question of local option. Sedalia, for the first time in several years, elected a Republican Mayor. St. Joseph elected the whole Republican ticket, and in St. Charles the Republican candidate for Mayor was elected. Independence went Democratic. Party lines were split, and the saloon element was victorious. At Marshall the Democrats won over a Law and Order ticket backed by local option. At Clinton local option was endorsed. The Democrats won an unexpected victory at Carthage, electing their candidate for Mayor. At La Plata the former government was completely upset, and the People's candidate for Mayor was elected. In Warrensburg and Marysville the Democrats were victorious. The honors were equally divided in numerous smaller towns throughout the State, the interest being entirely local.

—A. L. Fawcett, Treasurer of Marion township, Morgan county, Ohio, is missing, and a shortage of $1800 has been found in his accounts. At Chandlersville, Ohio, about 1 o'clock on the morning of the 4th, Edward Smith, aged 23 years, shot and severely wounded Miss Maggie La Page, aged 30, and then committed suicide by putting a bullet through his brain. Smith had been courting Miss La Page. On account of the same woman a young physician committed suicide a few months ago. Mrs. Peter Burke, a respected widow lady of Norway, Michigan, was shot and killed by Patrick Wade, on the evening of the 2d. Wade was infatuated with the woman, and she was to have been married to another man next week. S. N. Saunders was stabbed to death by an unknown assassin near Chaptico, Saint Mary's county, Maryland, on the evening of the 3d, as he was returning home from a wedding in company with several ladies.

—Two men were struck by an express train at Weymouth, Massachusetts, on the morning of the 4th. One, name unknown, was killed; the other, Edward C. Mann was badly injured.

—The Postmaster General on the 5th appointed as fourth-class Postmasters: In Pennsylvania—W. T. Maxwell, at Knowlton; Matthew McCully, at McPherson, and George H. Myers, at Westgreen. In New Jersey—Joshua Huston, at Lumberton, and H. E. Rider, at Findeme.

—Jacob Sharp, of bribe notoriety, died on the evening of the 4th in New York.

—In Delamater's iron foundry at New York, on the afternoon of the 5th, six moulders began the casting of a large cylinder. To faciliate the work a plank was laid across the big mould, which was about 20 feet in diameter and 5 feet in depth. The six men, carrying a ladle containing 200 pounds of molten iron, had scarcely reached the centre of the plank when the slender piece of wood, only 14 inches wide broke. The men were precipitated into the earthen pit, and the heavy ladle scattered its contents over them. Two of them wonderfully escaped with comparatively slight burns. The four others were horribly burned and scarred by the molten iron. Two of them, Peter Barton and Peter Delaney, are not expected to recover.

—William Costello and Hugh Jones, while "robbing" pillars in the Pennsylvania Colliery, at Mt. Carmel, Penna., on the 5th, were caught by a "rush" and imprisoned for six hours. Both died in a few hours after being released. Peter Leininger, a middle-aged man living in Marion township, Berks county, Penna., who was bitten by a dog recently, died on the evening of the 4th, after terrible suffering for several days. Owing to his reduced financial circumstances he did not summon a physician. Many persons believe it to have been a case of hydrophobia.

—Heavy thunder storms prevailed in New York on the afternoon and evening of the 5th. Waterville, Morristown, Fairbault and Rochester, in Minnesota, were visited by a heavy rain and wind storm on the afternoon of the 5th. Roofs were torn from many buildings and other damage done. Several persons were severely injured. An iron tank belonging to the National Transit Company, and containing 35,000 barrels of oil, at Parker, Pa., was struck by lightning on the afternoon of the 5th. There was danger that the fire would spread to other tanks near by. In Harrisburg on the evening of the 5th, at the North street crossing of the Pennsylvania Railroad, a colored woman advised two boys not to crawl under a train, as they intended to do. Soon after she attempted the same feat herself and had both legs cut off.

—The safe of Burt and Hurlburt, wholesale jewellers in Detroit, Michigan, was robbed of diamonds and jewelry valued at between $6000 and $10,000 on the 2d. Members of the firm and police are close mouthed, and no information can be gleaned from them as to the thief.

—Nanton Gainey, 26 years old, committed suicide in Bedford, Indiana, on the 5th, because of ill health and low spirits. He shot himself with a gun, but without fatal effect. He then reloaded the weapon, put the muzzle to his mouth and sent a bullet through his head, death resulting almost instantly. Rev. T. F. Harden, a Methodist minister in Green county, Alabama committed suicide on the evening of the 4th. Ellen Milmine, 18 years of age, committed suicide in Hamilton, Ontario, on the 5th, by taking rat poison. It is thought she was disappointed in love.

—James Derry, a night switchman in the employ of the Northwestern Road in Chicago, has been arrested charged with assault with intent to kill. On the evening of the 4th he fired two shots from a revolver at the cab of a Burlington switch engine. The bullets shattered the windows of the cab, but did not strike the engineer or fireman. Mrs. George Johnson was arrested in Stafford Springs, Connecticut, on the 5th, on the charge of shooting and fatally wounding her husband while he was asleep during the night. After being arrested she at first resisted all attempts to search her, but finally submitted. A revolver was found tied securely to one of her ankles. One chamber was empty. She said that she had been pursued by an unknown man recently, and had procured the pistol to protect herself. She denied all knowledge of the shooting of her husband. A fight between Mexicans and negroes took place in a saloon in El Paso, Texas, Wednesday night. Bert Penn was shot and killed, and a woman named Fannie Oliver, who was in the room, was fatally injured. Lillie St. Clair was shot in the head, and a dozen others received minor cuts and wounds. J. Howe, a laborer, at Fort Collins, Colorado, who had been on a protracted spree, murdered his wife on the evening of the 4th, by cutting her throat, and then kicked the body into the street and went to bed. After Howe's arrest a masked mob took him from jail and hanged him to a tree.

—A colored woman, in Industry, Ohio, went out to do some washing on the 3d, leaving her boy, between 5 and 6 years, and twins 10 months old, in charge of a girl of 13 years. The girl left the house for a short time, and on returning found the twins screaming in pain, the boy with a cut on his head, begging her to drown him, and the stove turned over. The boy had upset the stove and was hurt by its falling, but it was found that he had deliberately broken both legs of one of the babies and a thigh and an arm of the other. Every effort to get him to tell the story of his cruelty failed.

—John Cook was arrested in Detroit, Michigan, on the 6th, charged with robbing the Post-office in Minneapolis in 1886. Cook is alleged to be one of five men who robbed the office of over $15,000 in postage stamps. One of the gang now in jail gave the information which led to Cook's arrest.

—Up to 10 o'clock on the morning of the 6th, six dead bodies had been taken from the railroad wreck at New Hampton, Iowa. It it supposed that the passenger train after crossing the Wapsie river ran into a large pile of ice washed on the track by the high water. The engine ran off the road, turning completely around, and is out of sight in the water. The baggage car was thrown completely over the engine, and the smoking car is on top of the engine. The next coach is on its side in four feet of water. On account of the high water further search at present for bodies in an impossibility, though it is thought other dead are still in the wreck. Twenty are injured, but none fatally.

—The engine of a passenger train on the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad left the rails some distance east of Buffalo, New York, on the evening of the 5th. Fireman Hoyt Bogart, was killed and Engineer John Thompson was badly hurt. No passengers were injured. The accident was caused by a wash-out.

—While Mrs. Mary Sharp, of Wanamie, Penna., was engaged in the manufacture of whisky on the afternoon of the 6th the pot toppled over. The liquid blazed up, setting fire to her clothing, and she was burned to death. Three of her children, who tried to save her, were also burned and will probably die. The husband and father, John Sharp, who was at work at the time, is reported to have become insane. Three men were killed on the morning of the 6th by the explosion of a dynamite mill at Miller's Station, near Valparaiso, Indiana. A Mr. Matheson, and his 16 year-old son of Oil Springs, Ontario, started to cross the river at Port Huron, Michigan, to Varna, in a row boat. When about half way across a squall capsized their boat and they were both drowned.

50th CONGRESS.—First Session.

SENATE.

In the United States Senate on the 2d, a bill from the House was passed giving a pension of $2000 to the widow of General John A. Logan. The consideration of the House Bond Purchase bill was resumed, the question being on Mr. Palmer's motion to recommit the bill. Mr. Stewart moved to recommit with instructions to the committee to report without delay a separate bill allowing the owners of gold or silver bullion to deposit the same and receive coin certificates therefore. Mr. Reagan suggested an amendment that $100,000,000 of the gold coin now in the Treasury be used for the redemption of the interest bearing bonds. After debate the bill went over without action. After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

In the United States Senate on the 3d, Mr. Riddleberger's resolution for the consideration of the Fisheries Treaty in open session was taken up. He called the yeas and nays on agreeing to the resolution. Mr. Edmunds moved that the galleries be cleared and the doors closed. Agreed to and the Senate went into executive session. After the doors were reopened, the Bond Purchase bill was taken up and Mr. Palmer's motion to recommit was defeated. Yeas, 20; nays, 31. Mr. Spooner offered a substitute for the bill declaring that the authority to purchase bonds given in the Sundry Civil Expenses bill for the year ending June 30, 1882, was intended to be a permanent provision of the law, and is declared such, and to be now in full force and effect. The substitute was agreed to. Amendments were then offered by Messrs. Beck and Stewart, and discussion was continued until, shortly after 5 o'clock, the Senate adjourned.

In the U. S. Senate on the 4th, a bill was reported and placed on the calendar for the withdrawal of public lands for sale at ordinary private entry and the redistricting of them for homestead settlers. On motion of Mr. Stewart, a resolution was agreed to directing the Secretary of the Treasury to report what precautions have been taken to prevent the importation of lead and lead ores from Mexico and Canada in violation of the revenue laws, and what legislation is necessary to prevent the smuggling of lead and lead ores. The Bond Purchase bill came up in order, and Mr. Beck's amendment for the issue of silver certificates, to take the place of retired national bank notes, was agreed to—37 to 13. Pending consideration of the bill the Senate adjourned.

In the U. S. Senate on the 5th, Mr. Wilson, of Iowa, spoke at length in criticism of the President's message, and in opposition to tariff reduction. The Bond Purchase bill—the Spooner substitute amended by the Beck proposition—was passed and a conference committee appointed. The bill establishing a Bureau of Animal Industry was considered. After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

In the United States Senate on the 6th, a message was received from the President with the draft of a bill, revoking the withdrawal of lands for the benefit of certain railroads. The House joint resolution appropriating $25,000 for the representation at the Barcelona Exposition was passed. The bill for the admission of Dakota into the Union and for the organization of the Territory of Lincoln was taken up, and took its place as "unfinished business." House bills appropriating $100,000 each for public buildings at Greenville, South Carolina, and Texarkana, Arkansas, were passed; also Senate bill to prevent the obstruction of the harbor of New York. After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE

In the House on the 2d Mr. Mills, of Texas, from the Ways and Means Committee, reported the Tariff bill, and it was referred to the Committee of the Whole. Mr. Mckinley, of Ohio, presented the minority report, and it was ordered printed. A number of bills and resolutions were introduced under the call of States and referred. Mr. Crain of Texas, moved to suspend the rules and pass his joint resolution proposing a Constitutional amendment changing the time of the meeting of Congress. After debate the resolution was defeated—yeas, 80; nays, 154. Mr. Randall, of Pennsylvania, from the Committee on Rules reported a rule designating certain days and evening sessions for the consideration of measures reported by certain committees. After debate the rules were suspended the resolution passed—155 to 44. The House then adjourned.

In the House on the 3d, Mr. Culberson called up the special order, the Senate Direct Tax bill. Mr. Foran, of Ohio, moved to go into Committee on the Pension Appropriation bill, but the motion was lost, and the House went into Committee on the Direct Tax bill. Pending debate a recess was taken until evening. The evening session was devoted to the consideration of bills from the Military Committee. Among those passed was one retiring General Alfred Pleasanton with the rank of Colonel.

In the House, an attempt was made by the friends of the special order, the Direct Tax bill, to arrange for a final vote on the bill at five o'clock, and Mr. Taylor, of Ohio, moved to limit general debate to one hour. This led at once to "filibustering" tactics by the opponents of the bill, and the whole day was consumed in voting on dilatory motions. Adjourned.

In the House on the 5th, which had taken a recess from 2.15 A. M. until 11.45, the struggle on the Direct Tax bill was resumed. After a dreary round of roll calls, continued for several hours, the House adjourned.

In the House on the 6th, the filibustering on the Direct Tax bill was kept up until, at 3.30 P. M. the House adjourned.

—Burglars entered the house of Rev. P. A. McKenna, in Marlboro, Massachusetts, on the evening of the 2d, and took $1000 from the safe. This represented a portion of the Easter collection at the Church of the Immaculate Conception.

The Little Grave on The Hill.

There's a spot on the hillside far away,
Where in summer the grass grows green;
Where, beneath a rustling elm tree's shade
A moss-covered stone is seen,
'Tis a quiet and unfrequented spot,
A solitude lone and wild;
Yet—somebody's hopes are buried there—
'Tis the grave of a little child.

In winter, alas! thy mossy stone
Is hid 'neath a shroud of snow;
But around it, in spring time, fresh and sweet,
The daisies and violets grow,
And o'er it the summer breezes blow,
With a fragrance soft and mild,
And the autumn's dead leaves thickly strew
That grave of a little child.

And every year there's a redbreast comes,
When the month of May is nigh,
And builds her nest in this quiet spot,
'Mid the elm tree's branches high;
With her melody sweet, by the hour she trills,
As if by the scene beguiled,
Perhaps—who knows? 'tis an angels comes
To the grave of that little child.

Yes, somebody's hopes lie buried there,
Some mother is weeping in vain,
For, though years may come and years may go,
'Twill never come back again.
Yes blessed are they who die in youth,
The pure and the undefiled;
Some road to Heaven, perchance, runs through
That grave of a little child.

AUNT HULDAH'S STORY.

"Do you suppose I'll get a valentine, Aunt Huldah?"

"For mercy's sake, Kitty!" said I, laying down on my lap the vest upon which I was working buttonholes, "do you never think or speak of anything but valentines at this time of year?"

Kitty pouted, and shook her yellow braids—the real corn-stalk yellow that matched her blue eyes as perfectly as if some designer in high art had picked them out to correspond.

"Well, aunty, why shouldn't I?" said she. "Just look at those blue-birds darting in and out of the old cedar tree! They're twittering 'St. Valentine's Day,' you may be very sure. Look at the crocus-buds peeping out from under the dead leaves!"

"Well," said I, curtly, "you're neither a blue-bird nor a crocus, so how would it do if you were to go to work on Lizzie Barrow's new dress?"

Kitty was a quick-tempered little thing from her cradle, and she fired up at this rebuke.

"I might have known better than to expect any sort of sympathy from an old maid!" said she, catching up her work-basket, and flying out of the room.

It was scarcely five minutes, however, before she returned, tearful and penitent.

"Aunt Huldah," said she, "I'm so sorry! Please kiss me, and be friends! I didn't mean to call you that—that name!"

"Oh, bless you child!" said I. "I don't mind being called an old maid. I am one, you know, and the truth oughtn't to sting."

"But you are the dearest, nicest, prettiest old maid in the world, Aunt Huldah!" cried the girl, caressingly.

"Fiddlesticks!" said I. "I'm as homely as a hedge-fence, and I know it. Now leave off coaxing and flattering, and go about your business!"

And Kitty obeyed, singing a snatch out of "Love's Young Dream," for she knew that she was forgiven.

Yet the words recurred to me over and over again, as I sat stitching there with the yellow February sunshine streaming through the white-curtained window, and the blue birds whistling to each other outside.

Yes, I was an old maid, 40 last birthday. It was rather absurd of my pretty niece, Kitty, to expect me to sympathize with her on the question of love and lovers. Well, I would make the best of it, I resolved, and to try to be as cheerful as possible.

"What's for dinner, Aunt Huldah?" said Kitty, coming to me at last.

"Pork and beans. You'll find the pork in the brine barrel down cellar; be sure and pick out a nice, small, square piece, and bring the beans to me, and I'll pick them over. It will save you time, dear."

Kitty looked at me, as I sat picking over the white beans.

"Aunt Huldah," said she, "you've got a beautiful profile—you have, indeed! You must have been real pretty when you were a girl. Aunt Huldah, why did you never get married?"

"Because Cupid never came my way," said I, with a laugh. "Here are the beans, Kitty. Get them a-soak as quick as possible."

Just then Betsey, Mr. Chandler's maid, came in.

"Could you lend me a yeast-cake, Miss Darwin?" said she. "I've somehow got clean out o' yeast-cakes. And, Miss Darwin—"

"Yes, Betsey."

That gray cat o' yourn has scratched up all Mr. Chandler's seed-lettuce ag'in!"

"You shouldn't have left the cold-frame sashes off, Betsey."

"Well, p'raps we should an' p'raps we shouldn't, remarked the independent Betsey. "But our lettuce, it's a-growin' in our garden, you know, an' it's no way pleasin' to hev the neighbors' cats a-haulin' of it outer the ground with their claws. And it was only yesterday week the dratted creetur' broke the glass of the dairy-window, arter the pans o' cream!"

"I am very sorry, Betsey," said I; "but——"

"But I'm not!" flashed back Kitty (whose maternal grandfather had come from County Cavan, in Ireland, and who thereby had inherited a strain of fighting blood). "Didn't your Nero break down our prettiest chrysanthemums last fall? Didn't he worry our nicest white kitten to death?"

Betsey took her yeast-cake and flounced out of the room.

"Now she will go and repeat all this to Mr. Chandler," said I.

"Let her!" said defiant Kitty. "It's nothing more than the truth!"

"But he has always been such a pleasant neighbor," said I, piteously, "and Nero is a very nice dog, after all, when he isn't in mischief."

"Well, he wouldn't remain at Elm Lodge much longer, anyway," said Kitty. "If he's really going to marry Miss Poultney, at the Court, it's likely that he'll go there to live. Though it is rather nice, having the minister for a next-door neighbor, the dog to the contrary notwithstanding. Handy in case of a wedding."

"Kitty!"

I shook my head at her.

"Well," cried the wild gipsy, "how can one think of anything else on St. Valentine's Eve?"

Just then Grayette came in—our great, purring, beryl-eyed household pet, who was dearer to my old-maid soul than I cared to acknowledge, even to Kitty.

"Poor puss!" said I, caressing her with my disengaged hand. "But you will have to go away if you are becoming a nuisance to the neighbors."

And then and there it was that I secretly made up my mind what to do.

The sun set fair and golden, as if it were a spring evening, the stars glistened like dots of fire against the heavens. Kitty came home from the postoffice with sundry significant letters in her bag, and scarcely less significant roses on her cheeks, and presently the light flashed into Mr. Chandler's study-window, on the other side of the fence.

In the summer-time it was hidden in a hedge of lilacs, but the boughs were all leafless now, and I could distinctly see him sitting by his fire, with his hand on Nero's head.

"He is fond of his dog," I thought "Well, pussy shall not make trouble between us any longer. Oh, dear! it will be terribly lonesome when the light doesn't shine these nights any more; when he is married to Judge Poultney's daughter!"

Kitty kissed me oftener than usual that night before she went to bed.

"Dear Aunt Huldah," said she, "we have been very happy here, you and I, haven't we? Even though you are only a poor little 'hand on vests,' and I a dress-maker!"

"Why, of course we have!" said I.

"And we should miss each other terribly, shouldn't we, if—if we were parted?"

"Nonsense, child! What should part us?"

"Oh, I don't know! Something might."

"Go to bed, and don't be silly!" said I, laughing.

Early in the dawn of the next morning, I rose and dressed myself. I had determined to take Grayette over to the Widow Singleton's before Kitty was up in the morning, to make a fuss about it. Mrs. Singleton was fond of pets, and I knew my cat would have a good home there.

And, spite of my Spartan resolutions, a tear splashed down on pussy's gray coat, as I tucked her under my plaid blanket shawl and stepped boldly out into the melting snow, now all pink with the glow of sunrise.

"Poor dear pussy!" thought I "Your little, flannel-lined basket by the fire will never be of any use again! And the cracked saucer that you lapped your milk out of—I shall never bear to look at it any more; for, oh——"

Involuntarily I uttered the shriek, for Grayette had sprung out of my arms, and was arching her back and magnifying every separate hair on her tail, while Nero, on his side of the fence, was barking a shrill series of defiances, and leaping up and down in vain endeavors to get at his adversary and tear her limb from limb.

"Oh, pussy, pussy!" cried I, trying to recapture my feline favorite.

"Nero, sir, behave yourself!" uttered the stern voice of Mr. Chandler, once more recovering his grasp of the chain, which Nero had jerked out of his hand in the suddenness of the fray. "Miss Darwin, I have to make you a thousand apologies for the annoyance Nero has caused you of late, and to thank you for the forbearance you have shown toward him. He shall never trouble you again. I am going to send him by express to my brother in Wisconsin. We are on the way to the express office now, so that Nero may get the early train."

"Oh, dear!" cried I; "and I am just taking Grayette to Mrs. Singleton, so that she need not scratch up your garden seeds, nor rob Betsey's dairy any more."

"What! that beautiful cat?" cried Mr. Chandler. "I cannot think of allowing such a thing. You must keep her, Miss Darwin."

"Not unless you will promise to send Nero back to his kennel," pleaded I.

"You have been forbearing enough, already," said Mr. Chandler.

"I shall not impose upon your good nature any more," said I, firmly.

Just then the shutters in the upper casement opened. Kitty thrust out her cornstalk-colored head. Her eyes were sparkling like blue stars. She clapped her hands.

"Oh, I have caught you two, have I" said she. "So, Mr. Chandler is Aunt Huldah's Valentine."

"The first you see at the window,
The first you meet on the way,
Shall be your loving Valentine
For a year, a month and a day."

Her sweet, saucy voice rang out like a flute on the frosty air.

I stood transfixed with horror at her audacity, my cheeks burning with blushes, my eyes riveted to the ground.

But Mr. Chandler flung the loop of Nero's chain over the fence, and stepped bravely to my side.

"I, for my part," said he, "can wish for no happier fortune, if you, Huldah, will consent."

"But you are in jest!" murmured I.

"I never was more in earest in my life," said he, taking my hand. "We are neither of us young, Huldah, but I think that it is not the young alone who know what true love means. Nor have I lived your near neighbor for a year without learning to appreciate the sweet unselfishness of your character. Dear Huldah, I will be your faithful Valentine all my life, if you will but accept my devotion."

Well, perhaps it is not necessary to say what my answer was. We are to be married as soon as the new rectory is finished, and Grayette and Nero are to be trained to be the best of friends. Mr. Chandler says he will not keep house without Grayette at our hearthstone, and I am really getting very fond of Nero. As for Kitty, she is quite content.

"Because, of course, after the valentine that David Ely sent me," said she, "I shall be married to him very soon, and I couldn't bear the idea of leaving dear little Aunt Huldah all alone. And I take all the credit to myself, because I don't believe either of them would have had courage to say what was in their heads if I hadn't put my head out of the window and sung that St. Valentine's refrain!"

"But, of course, that is only Kitty's nonsense.

How a Woman Pays a Fare.

Few women will ever learn of the comfort which comes to one who prepares for the conductor before entering the street car. At a season when a woman bundles herself from head to foot, the preparation is of more importance than at other seasons. The woman who puts her purse in her dress pocket, buttons her wrap over the dress, ties up her head, puts mitts on her hands, and gets into a street car, is liable to be confused before she gets out. When the nickel collector comes around she pulls off one mitt, and in a fit of abstraction she puts the mitt in her mouth. No woman ever looks well under such circumstances. Having unbuttoned her wrap she reaches for the purse. Of course she knows where it is, but the contortions of her face while the ungloved hand is searching for the purse is not such as the limners give to the beloved disciple. When she has brought forth the purse she drops the mitt from her mouth, takes a bill from the purse and places that where the mitt was. Then finds a silver dollar, and this she tries to locate beside the bill, thus creating the impression that she is trying to convert her mouth into a receptacle for the surplus. Then she takes the money out of her mouth, places it in the purse, closes it, puts it back in her pocket, buttons her wrap, puts on the mitt, takes the other one off, and finds a nickel stored in the end of it.

A Photographer's Story.

"I can do almost anything with a sitter, said one photographer who hadn't spoken before, "but I had one case that I remember where it was impossible to keep the sitter still. After repeated trials and the use of the head-rest I at last succeeded, as I thought, in impressing upon the sitter the necessity of keeping absolutely quiet. It was in the old days of the wet-plate method, and when an exposure of twenty seconds had to be made. I had my subject as I wanted him, and took off the cap. I left the room for a moment, and, returning, found everything all right, apparently. Apparently, I say, but when I went into the dark room and developed the plate I found it most terribly blurred. It looked as if the sitter had turned a hand spring or thrown a somersault. When I went back I was mad.

"'What did you do?' I asked.

"'Nothing,' was the innocent answer; 'why?'

"'Look at that plate,' I said, 'and then tell me you didn't move.'

Here my sitter began to laugh at his picture. "Well, I swear, I wouldn't a' thought that just going over to the window to spit would have done all that, because I sat right down again."

The Battle of Koniggratz.

In the recent production by Dorothea Roberts, entitled some "Royal Lives," there are some very interesting pictures illustrative of dramatic incidents in the career of the crown prince and his wife. One of these pictures I give, as it illustrates well the character and relations of this noble couple: "It is the eve of the battle of Koniggratz. The guards were defiling past a little below where Frederick William stood. See his figure, erect and fair, like one of the Norsemen of old, turning toward the soldiers, resolution and reliance in every fiber! 'March for that tree; there is our battlefield!' Every man present felt a thrill when he heard the ringing cheer that followed. The prince's movement decided the day.

"After the terrible battle had been fought, the victory won, the king and his son were each riding slowly over the battlefield, seeking to succor the wounded and the dying, when they met. As they embraced the king said: 'Thou hast shown capacity as a leader.' Bismarck was a spectator of the historic meeting, a fine picture of which adorns the Ruhmeshalle in the Zeughaus at Berlin. The horrors of the field were appalling to the prince. 'He who causes war with a stroke of the pen knows not what he is calling up from Hades,' was his entry in his journal on that momentous day."

The Age of Ship Canals.

This is the age of ship canals. Italy is proposing to cut a canal, navigable for large craft, across one of the narrowest parts of the peninsula—the instep, so to speak, of the boot. At present vessels trading between the Gulf of Santa Eufemia, on the western coast, and the Gulf of Squillacio, on the eastern coast, have to pass through the Strait of Messina—a considerable voyage, although the distance by land across the peninsula is not more than sixty miles.

Professor Proctor reasons that the moon has grown solid six times as fast as the earth, a comparison of the masses and radiating surfaces of the two bodies making it evident the earth's internal heat was originally sufficient to last six times as long as the moon's supply. Oh the very moderate assumption, therefore, that only twelve millions of years have passed since the earth and moon were at the same stage of planetary life, this astronomer shows us that sixty millions of years must elapse before the earth will have reached the stage through which the moon is now passing.

The greatest heat of the air in the sun probably never exceeds 145° Fahrenheit, nor the greatest cold 54° below zero. About 136° above and 40° below zero are the extremes for the United States, and very unusual.

COFFEE, TEA, MILK, SUGAR.

A Brief Chapter on Food and Its Adulterations.

"A cup of coffee," says Alexandre Dumas, the elder—who, by the way, was as great a gourmand as he was romancist—"a cup of coffee is the review of the dinner." M. Dumas was right. Of all the food adulterations that of coffee is the most palatable. Not only is the roasted and ground article adulterated; but—incredible as it may sound—the green bean is imitated from common clay, colored with arsenic. If rumor has it correct, there is a green coffee manufactory in Chicago, where nature is "corrected" by machinery. Mechanical appliances mold, press and dry Cook county clay into coffee beans, as it is said, at a cost of about eight cents a pound. Of course, this artificial coffee cannot be used in its purity, or rather impurity. It is used to mix with the genuine article, and, strange as it may sound, the clay bean assumes the same color in roasting that the natural bean does.

Coffee roasters all over the land admit that they use stale bread in roasting coffee. The bread if freed from its crust and then cut into small cubes. The roasters claim that the presence of this bread during the process of roasting improves the coffee. Of course, if the latter is sold in the bean it is impossible to make the customer pay for stale bread, but if ground the bread becomes part of the coffee. Think of M. Dumas' glowing tribute to the after dinner cup, and then imagine a compound made up as follows: Chicory, peas, beans, date stones, biscuits, figs, roasted hominy, burned sugar, acorns, mangel-wurzel, dandelion, turnips, parsnips, carrots, rye and potato flour.

The introduction of chicory into coffee is defended by many roasters on the ground that it really improves the coffee and does no mischief to the drinker. But Dr. Hassell, a German authority, says chicory in prolonged use is injurious to health. He claims that the root—belonging to the class of radishes, by the way—produces heartburn, cramp in the stomach, loss of appetite, acidity in the mouth, constipation with intermittent diarrhœa, weakness of the limbs, trembling, sleeplessness, and a drunken cloudiness of the senses. Professor Beer, the famous Vienna oculist, goes so far as to claim that chicory in large doses produces blindness.

The adulteration of teas are even worse than those of coffess. The practice of using exhausted tea leaves is so well known as scarcely to bear mention. These exhausted leaves are "faced" or colored, and fixed up with plumbago, gum, indigo, Prussian blue, turmeric, China clay, mica, soapstone or French chalk, sulphate of lime, rose pink, Venetian red, carbonate of copper, arsenite of copper, chromate and bi-chromate of potash and carbonate of lime and magnesia. Other subtitutes for the genuine article are leaves of the elder, willow, aloe and other plants and trees, lye tea, paddy husk, sweeping of tea house floors, sand, quartz, starch and magnetic oxide of iron.

The most dangerous of all food swindling practices is that which lowers the nutritive quality of milk. Its direct effect is largely upon infants and small children. It is the opinion of the ablest medical observers that half of the infant mortality in cities is due to sophisticated milk. Professor Wiley, of the United States department of agriculture, asserts that "it is doubtful whether 10 per cent. of the milk which reaches the table is pure." The principal adulterant of milk in these modern times is water. The cream is skimmed and water is added to restore the bulk and weight. The color is restored by coloring matter. Flour or starch, boiled white carrots, milk of almonds, sheeps' brains, gum tragacanth, carbonate of soda and chrome yellow also enter into milk as adulterants.

There is practically no limit to the adulteration of sugar. Cane sugar is manufactured from grape or starch glucose, wheat and potato flour, tapioca starch, blood, pipe clay, marble dust, gypsum, bone dust, lead, iron, lime and sand. The confectionery sugar consists of glucose, terra alba, chalk, arrowroot, sand, wheat and potato flour, and hydrated sulphate of lime. These articles are colored, as the case may require, by cochineal, indigo and Prussian blue, carbonates of copper and lead, white lead, vermillion, gamboge, chromates of lead, sap green, arsenite of copper, Indian red, umber, sienna, Vandyke brown, cobalt, smalt, Naples yellow, bisulphate of mercury, sulphate of arsenicum, bronze powders or alloys of copper and zinc.

Speaking upon the law concerning adulterants, Manager Robert M. Floyd remarked: "The English have dealt with the question of food adulteration very intelligently, and, as experience has shown, very profitably to the empire. Adulteration of food had grown to enormous dimensions some years ago in England. A parliamentary commission reported that scarcely an article that was served on the table was free from fraudulent admixture or was what it pretended to be. The result was the passage of an act of a simple and comprehensive nature, which required that all manufactured articles of food should be labeled with a statement of all their ingredients, fraud upon detection, being punished with extreme severity. If coffee contained chicory the manufacturer and seller must make this fact distinctly known. The proportion of corn starch employed in tempering mustard, and incidentally expanding its bulk, must be stated. And so through the long list of comestibles and condiments the law enforces perfect candor between buyer and seller. The effect of this legislation was to purify the trade and then to bring it to unprecedented proportions. The reason why Great Britain has a monopoly, or something very like it, in the condiment trade of the world, is because her great houses guarantee purity."

—Another novel costume is made of partridge cloth, the edges fringed and falling in cascades over waistcoat and petticoat of plain brown cloth, the skirt is opened on the left side, displaying the petticoat, and on the right forms a large double box-plait.

FASHION NOTES.

—Homespun material, which is likely to become fashionable for useful and walking costumes, is made in many new colors and combinations of stripes, and, being both warm and light, is most suitable for early spring, which is frequently cold, though the weather may be bright.

A neat costume of this material, striped in three shades of reddish brown, has the bodice made with an open collar, to be worn with a tie; the skirt is finished with stitched hems in a plain style, and will keep in good condition for constant wear. Long pointed bodices and draperies falling in graceful folds from the waist, quite to the edge of the skirt, seem likely to be the prevailing styles for the next few weeks; while plain colors, with panel, waistcoats and revers of a darker shade or some contrasting color are chiefly worn, though stripes are still favorites with many.

—Narrow gold braid is frequently sewn into the necks and cuffs of gowns, instead of colored silk, canvass, or cuffs and collars. Many waistcoats (home-made) are composed of three or four lengths (according to the width required) of good gold braid about an inch wide, laid at its own width from each row on to a foundation, with the intervening space filled in with gold twist, worked across in loop-stitch with crochet-hook. The effect is handsome, and the model is the Egyptian embroidery now being adapted for waistcoats. The foundation is usually white cashmere laid on to muslin. Gimp and braid ornamentation, sold in sets of collar piece, cuffs and two graduated plastrons for the fronts, are much used on colored jerseys, as well as on light spring material gowns. It is to be had in black and almost every color. Reversible collars are novel. There is a double collar, and when the outer one is solid it is turned backward out of sight under the neck-band, and the clean inner one stands up alone. It is attached to a little habit shirt.

—It is difficult to say which are really the more fashionable—plain white or fancy colored pocket handkerchiefs. Young ladies certainly incline to the latter. There are fancy bordered ones without number, some in delicate shades having the white centre, and the border of cutout fern leaves, with net introduced, and the whole well embroidered; others in colored cambric, with a powdering of spots and hemstitched borders, or with button-holed scalloped edges. A gray-blue and a peculiar red, neither brick nor scarlet, are two new shades. Some are in two colors in fine muslins, such as gray and pink, white and blue, etc; and again others have borders of closely set, narrow colored lines about an inch deep running toward the centre. Soft-colored silk "show" handkerchiefs are popular, and so are the Irish lawn and cambric ones, with hemstitched borders of from one to three inches deep.

—The new braids which are interwoven threads of metal, will be much used both on indoor and walking costumes, many of the outdoor jackets being largely trimmed with them. A novel gown is made in two shades of bluish-gray Indian cloth. The waistcoat is of the lighter shade, and the overbodice being cut very low at the shoulders, forms a graceful curve from the point over the figure to the armhole, and is outlined with a gray and silver braid, continued to form an epaulette trimming on the shoulder, and also to outline the back, where the two shades are similarly treated. The skirt, has underpanels of the light cloth, the dark draperies being also lined of the same, and an edging of braid where the two shades meet. The back draperies are composed of two long curves, also lined and fastened to the back of the bodice.

—Among the new jackets a noticeable one is of paon blanket cloth, braided with a mixed cord of paon and metal threads in moss-green. The style of braiding is quite new, forming a V-shaped trimming in front and scrolling on to the collar. A design round the arm-hole and on basque brings the line of jacket well down to the front, and thus renders it especially becoming to ladies not quite young. A military jacket in cardinal fishing-cloth is braided with heavy black tubular braid across the length of the front, also on each cuff, and is lined and finished with rich satin.

—A novelty, and one that promises unusual popularity, is a cotton garniture in flax color and white. It is designed as a trimming for either white or light-colored cotton materials, and is not expensive. It is made by embroidering patterns in white floss upon batiste. The cloth is then cut away, leaving the trimming in the open-work style, which is the leading feature of the season's garnitures.

—The narrowest width of picot-edged ribbon, too, is forming a large part of the neckwear, and appears in a great many of the dainty fichus, vests and plastrons of transparent materials which are worn with simple costumes to make them more dressy. A ruching for neck and sleeves are made of many loops of this narrow ribbon set into a band, and though it is frequently made up in colors, white is always prettiest and most effective.

—An exceedingly neat but equally attractive gown is of plain "homespun," with waistcoat of reindeer skin, the bodice opening from the shoulder and falling away at the waist, while the skirt, arranged in large double box-plaits, is finished with a long twisted scarf, brought high on the hips and falling in folds over the back of the skirt.

—A stylish visiting gown, and one suitable to be worn by a guest at a wedding, is made in heliotrope Indian cashmere, braided with a metal cord in bronze, and finished with bronze fallie Francaise to match. The bodice fastens from the left shoulder under a revers of bronze silk, with high collar of the same; and the skirt draperies, also lined with bronze silk, are turned back to disclose a panel braided in an original design to correspond with that on the bodice.

HORSE NOTES.

—The reparted sale of the pacer Arrow to Mr. J. H. Shults lacks confirmation.

—Frank Harper is reported to have refused $10,000 for the Ten Broeck filly Valuable.

—Colonel Simmons has been invited to act as presiding judge at the Kansas City spring meeting.

—John Conden and John McCorkle recently refused $3000 for their 4 year old stallion by Dictator.

"Lucky" Baldwin will ship twenty-eight runners from California to take part in the Nashville (Tenn.) meeting.

—The track at Yonkers, N. Y., is to be made into a full mile running course, with a half-mile trotting track in the centre.

—William Redding shipped eleven trotters, including Misty Morning, 2.21, and Molly Wilkes, 2.22¼, to Cuba on March 21st.

—Lela May, the filly that has made the best showing at New Orleans this winter, was sold at auction as a yearling at Lexington for $490.

—The gray mare Ethel Medium, 2.25½, has been sold by Colonel L. Kip to Jacob Ruppert, Hudson River Stock Farm. Price $1000.

—Alex Newburger, of New York, has sold the ch. m. Novelty, 2.23¼, by Gooding's Champion, to Thomas M. Marshall, Jr., of Pittsburg. Price $1250.

—L. E. Flaugher, Ripley, O., sold the bay mare Pearl Medium, 2.27, by Happy Medium, dam Pearl, by Gentle Breeze, to J. Fitzgerald, Maysville, Ky.

—Messrs. H. D. and R. C. Thompson, of Malone, N. Y., have bought of Isaac V. Baker, Jr., of Comstocks, N. Y., the noted brood-mare Belle of Pawlet.

—The bay mare Aloho, sister to the phenomenal pacer Arrow, 2.14, foaled a bay colt by Eagle Bird, 2.21 recently. She is owned by A. J. McRea, of Cleveland, O.

—Michael Dwyer has gone on a trip to the Hot Springs in Arkansas. He says that he paid all the expenses of his European journey with his winnings on the Paris races.

—William Disston, Pleasant Valley Stock Farm, sold the chestnut filly Coranza, full sister to Annie W. (2.20), by Almont, Jr., dam Mary M. The purchaser was Robert Steel, of Philadelphia.

—It is announced that as soon as the weather shall be sufficiently settled Mr. Haggin will send from his ranch in California about 100 head of thoroughbred horses to New York to be sold at auction.

—The Red Wilkes' 5 year old Hinda Wilkes, which defeated Bermuda (2.22) and other cracks in the 4 year old stakes here last fall, gaining a record of 2.25¼, will be again trained by Bowerman Brothers this year.

—The Hampden Park Association, Springfield, Mass., is out with two guarantee stakes of $5000 each. One is for 2.22 horses, and the other for 2.20 horses, and both will be trotted at the circuit meeting on September 11, 12, 13 and 14. The entrance is 10 per cent.

—Glenluine was 8 years old when she foaled Troubadour, Bradamante was 9 when The Bard was dropped. Galomel was 12 when Raceland was threwn, and Bourbon Belle was 15 when the great Hanover first saw the blue grass. These mares are all still alive.

—The thirty-one thoroughbred broodmares that have been bred to Electioneer have produced fifty-five foals, six of which are dead. The age classification is: Yearlings, 7; 2-year-olds, 4; 3-year-olds, 2; 4-year-olds, 2; 5-year olds, 8; 6 year-old-olds; 11; 7-year-olds, 6; 8-year-olds, 10; 9-year-olds, 3; 10-year-olds, 2.

—Lyle E. Simmons, the former driver of the trotters Early Dawn, Eagle Bird, etc., a son of William S. Simmons, is one of the latest additions to the running turf. He has a stable of youngsters at Lexington, and they will be trained by himself. Among the lot is a half sister of Badge and a full sister of Jack of Hearts.

—The brood-mare Bannerette died recently in Kentcoky. She was a full sister to Anna Bush, being a foal of 1872, by Lexington, from Banner, by imp. Albion; grandam Clara Howard, by imp. Barefoot. She cost $2500 as a yearling, but was not a success either as a race-mare or in the stud.

—In 1878 Jamaica foaled the renowned Foxhall, and since then she had dropped four colts, which have sold when yearlings for the large sum of $15,630—an average of $3910. Foxhall sold as a yearling for $650. None of his high-priced brothers or sisters have earned any turf distinction.

—Walter Pierce, of Sharpsville, Pa., has matched the chestnut gelding Doctor Almont, 2.21¼, by Almont Boy, against the bay horse Trouble, 2.24½, owned by W. A. Lambert, Orangeville, O., for $500 a side. The race will be trotted at the Cleveland Grand Circuit meeting.

—The old mare Lady Kildare, record 2.28¼, by Black Dutchman, dam by Kimble Jackson, died recently, the property of Samuel Ely, of Hightstown, Mich., aged about 33 years. Lady Kildare was an old campaigner, and won twenty-four races. Her last race took place about seven years ago, when she beat the ch. s. Glide, in 2.31. Mr. Ely once refused $6000 for Lady Kildare.

—It seems to be generally understood that Wyndham Walden will eventually give up racing on his own account and settle down as trainer of the great stable that John A. Morris is gradually forming. Mr. Morris has purchased nearly all of Walden's colts, and they will remain in Walden's hands to be trained. The late George Lorillard once offered to furnish the Westbrooke Farm and training grounds at Islip free of charge and give Walden $10,000 per annum for the purchase of horses. Walden was to give Mr. Lorillard 10 per cent. of the winnings of the stable. Walden declined.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

FRED. KURTZ, EDITOR and PROP'R

CENTRE HALL, PA. THURS, APRIL 12, 1888.

TERMS:—One year, $1.50, when paid in advance. Those in arrears subject to previous terms.

Advertisements 20 cents per line for 3 insertions, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

LOCAL ITEMS.

——The coming lion of the day is the dandy-lion.

——Our constable makes frequent visits to Rising Springs.

——Dear Fiedler, what is your weight since the delegate election?

——Yuny Deininger has several front street lots for sale near the station.

——Angaline Tobias' sale of household goods, April 14, at 1 o'clock at Centre Hall.

——Hastings made a clean sweep and the state administration is sustained in Centre county.

——The story of a female teacher outraged by tramps in Clearfield county and her tongue cut out, is not true.

——Harry Baney has opened a fine grocery on the corner just as you go around the Brockerhoff house.

——As soon as it gets a little warmer the lightning rod agent, the tree man and the book peddler will pay you a pleasant call.

——Philipsburg now has a daily paper, published by Mr. Bair, of the *Journal*. A town like Philipsburg needs a daily and it should be well supported.

——D. F. Luse speaks of having a four week's western trip in contemplation. Hope he will purchase it and give us enough for a potato patch.

——The boro treasury will get $75 out of landlord Meyer's $150 license. The balance goes to the county. Centre Hall is the only boro on this side that is so lucky.

——Last year's town council's list of expenditures was put in such shape as not to show what money was spent for. How soon the boro got sick of the delec table "citizens organization.'

——Mr. and Mrs. Bairfoot, of Bellefonte, are having their home here(the Dr. Neff residence) put in order, to be occupied again by them in a short time. We will be pleased to have them reside in our town again.

——The smoke from the stacks of the roller flouring mills and Luces new planing mill, at the station, now make that locality look business like, added to which are near a dozen of the finest houses in this neighborhood.

——Mr. Bechdol, living near Eagleville, this county, took Rough on Rats on Monday night and died before the proper antidotes could be administered and prove efficacious. He has shown, for some time past, that he was depressed in spirits.

——The young folks of this place contemplate organizing a tennis club, and are patiently awaiting for better weather to commence practice. They undoubtedly have the finest and best court in the county, tho the surroundings might be a little pleasanter.

——Unfortunate and fortunate seemed to have been ex-sheriff Spangler within the last ten days: Unfortuate in losing his pocket book no less than three times. Fortunate in finding it himself every time. Unforfunate to lose a pair of valuable gold eyeglasses. Fortunate to have them found by Will Kurtz, minus a glass.

——Mr. Geo. Hoffer, who formerly kept the old Juniata House in Alexandria, has taken charge of the Hallman House, on corner of 3d and Mifflin streets, opposite the jail at Huntingdon, and is ready to accomodate regular customers. Mr. Hoffer was a former citizen and native of Centre Hall.

——Our former neighbor, Mr. Smith, now of Williamsport, son in-law of H. Witmer, decd, we are informed is about to become a citizen of Bellefonte, having purchased Mrs. Whiteman's fancy dry-goods store. Be lefonte will thus add a pleasant and agreeable family to its population, as well as an experianced business man.

——The Presbytery of Huntingdon met at Bellefonte on Tuesday. This Presbytery is one of the largest in the Presbyterian church. It includes in its territorial limits the counties of Bedford Blair, Centre, Clearfield, Huntingdon, Juniata and Mifflin. It numbers 55 ministers, 73 churches, 9,700 communicants' and about 9,000 Sabbath school scholars.

——The thunder gust which set in last Thursday morning was a regular old fashioned one. The lightning was vivid and the thunder loud and rolling. The shower continued most of the day with short intervals when there was no rain, and in the evening just about dark, another and heavier shower with fierce lightning set in The rain had a good effect on vegetation.

——Mr. and Mrs. Himes have returned from their trip to Mexico. They enjoyed it immensely. Mr. Himes embraced the opportunity to witness a big bull-fight in the city of Mexico, but does not wish to see another. They speak highly of the fruits, flowers, etc., of that tropical country, with the most delicious oranges which are as plenty as apples here in the best season and rot on the ground.

——The board walk is getting some dangerous holes. Remember, Altoona three weeks ago had to pay a man $4000 for injuries sustained by a defective board walk, and if through a blunder of last year's council the board walk is saddled on our boro, contrary to the council's ordinances and oaths, then the boro will not have any one but taxpayers, instead of negligent lot owners, to fall back on—do the citizens know what danger they are placed in for damages, by the stubborn course of the late council?

——Miss Nettie Zahn, an accomplished young lady, from Erie, Pa., who in her travels, during the winter visited this section, gives nearly a col. of a well written description of Bellefonte and its enterprises, in the Erie Gazette, of March 31. The lady winds up her letter by paying the REPORTER a handsome compliment:

"A description of Bellefonte would not be complete if mention of her many excellent newspapers were to be omitted. The Watchman, Keystone Gazette, Democrat, Republican and Daily News, while a few miles south of the city, in a town of probably six hundred inhabitants, is printed as breezy a sheet as the country can boast of, the CENTRE REPORTER, at Centre Hall."

TRIPLETS.

Last Sabbath night the wife of Mr. George Lonebarger, of this place, gladdened her worthy spouse, with triplets—three lively, healthy little girls—mother and triplets are getting along nicely. Before the three little sisters made their appearance, Mr. Loneberger's family counted seven children—now its a full ten, and there's no telling, it may reach a bakers dozen. Triplets in a family is rare, and therefore worthy of note as well as reward. We think that the President of the United States and the Governor of the Commonwealth should at once be informed of this extraordinary increase in our population, and these dignitaries would no doupt give the event proper recognition. Really Centre Hall is having a boom. The REPORTER trusts that Providence will take special care of Mr. Loneberger and his family.

MURDERER SHAFFER BURIED.

The body of murderer Shaffer, who was executed for the killing of the Colbys, of Cherry Run, was viewed by a large number of persons. The face of the dead man had no repulsive or distorted appearance, but bore a calm and peaceful expression. The coffin plate bore the words, "At Rest, Francis J. Shaffer." The deceased when in life, upon being baptised into the Catholic faith last Sunday, having adopted the name Francis, as a substitute for Luther, in conformity with the rules of the church. At 9 o'clock Thursday morning the body was taken to St. Agnes church where mass was celebrated for the repose of the soul of the dead, after which the interment was made in the Catholic cemetery.

20 MURDER TRIALS.

It is peculiar enough to be remarked that the execution of Shaffer was the first that ever occured in Clinton county. Since its formation there have been twenty trials for murder in the county, but only one case in which the murderer or accused murderer has suffered death for his crime. Only once before was a man sentenced to hang in Clinton county. At the February session of Court 1864 William Gaines was found guilty of the murder of Robert Gaines and on May 20 of the same year he was sentenced to be hanged. Upon motion a change of venire was granted and the case removed to Centre county, where Gaines was tried and acquitted.

BURNED WHILE MAKING WHISKY.

Wilkesbarre, Pa. April 9.—Mrs. Mary Sharp, of Wenamie, was engaged in the manufacture of whisky this afternoon, when the pot containing the same toppled over in the hot fire. The fluid blazed, setting fire to her clothing, and she was burned to death in a few moments. Three of her children who tried to save her were also burned and will die. The husband and father, John Sharp, who was at work at the time, is reported to have become insane.

PREACHING HIS OWN FUNERAL SERMON.

Athens, Ga., April 8.—Two thousand people witnessed an event never before heard of in the history of Clark county. Rev. Dr. Bridges, 84 years old, preached his own funeral sermon to-day in a small country church six miles from here. He had his grave dug and a coffin made for this occasion. He and his assistants sang the first song, "Shall we gladly meet?" He then gave his text, Second Cor., eighth verse, and gave the large crowd a short talk in a very faltering manner.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

During the thunder gust on Thursday last, lightning struck the wagon shed attached to the barn on Reynold's farm, at Earlystown (formerly Dan'l Durst's) and set it on fire. Fortunately the fire was discovered immediately after the flash, and a ladder standing against the shed enabled the men to put the fire out before it could get any headway. The fire started at a point on the shed quite close to the barn. Sam'l Durst is the tenant on the farm.

ENOUGH OF FLORIDA.

Robert and Mrs. Duncan, who moved to Arlando, Florida, some two years ago, and kept a house for the entertainment of northern tourists to that land of health, beauty and flowers, we are told will return to good old Pennsylvania again, and not give as flowery an opinion of that state as we are so wont to hear. Florida may have its beauties, but it has its uglies, roses, too, but not without thorns.

PROHIBITION CONVENTION.

The Prohebitionists of Centre co. will meet in convention in the Court House, Bellefonte, on the 19th of April, for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the state Convention which meets at Harrisburg on the 2nd of May; and to transact such other business as may properly come before them.

J. ZEIGLER,
Chairman.

GREAT LUMBER FIRE AT WILLIAMSPORT.

Williamsport, Pa., April 6.—Fire this evening gutted the lumber yard of Brown, Clark & Howe, covering a territory of over five acres. Between 4,000,000 and 5,000,000 feet of pine and hemlock lumber and pickets were burned, involving a total loss of about $70,000; insurance, $65,000.

$5 REWARD.

Any one who can tell from the manner in which the late town council, of "the citizens organization," printed its list of expenditures, how much it paid for shoveling snow from the board walk, we will owe him five dollars, for his ability of seeing through mud. How much—who can tell, for shoveling snow?

LUMBER INTEREST SOLD.

We are informed that the Nippenose lumber interests of Rev. J K. Miller, dec'd, formerly of Centre Hall, consisting of steam sawmill and timber tracts, have been sold for $11,000. The estate still owns a house in this town and timberland in the 7 mountains.

The long talked of new book introduced by Rose E. Cleveland is being published by the J. L. Hebert Pub. Co., St. Louis, Mo. The reputation of Miss Rose Cleveland as a writer is such as to guarantee a large sale for anything coming from her pen. The Publishers offer a rare opportunity to agents. See advertisement in another column.

IMPORTANT LITTLE THINGS.

The fellow who was in our railroad station, on Sunday, (?) must have got in through a knot hole and out through a keyhole.

Neighbor Kennedy had his toes severely bruised by a ladder falling on them at Coburn. Coburn is a dangerous place.

The grain fields have worked up wonderfully under the recent pleasant weather, and fields everywhere look very fine.

Farmers are busy plowing and the soil is in fine order.

Subscribe for the REPORTER for the campaign at 10 cents per month—send us three names and you get a fourth copy free.

The roller mill is about putting in a corn breaker, for chopping corn in the cob, and will attach a large storehouse to the mill to accommodate the increasing trade. Cream patent and Calla Lily, extra straight, are among the best brands of flour in the United States.

Bricklayers are busy on the new Presbyterian church, and Bro. Kerr will soon see his edifice completed, the erection of which is principally owing to his energy and activity.

Landlord Meyer went to Reading last week, and will see that the Democratic majority is swelled about 1000 next fall.

SANTA FE SWITCHMEN QUIT.

Kansas City, April 2.—At 5 o'clock this afternoon the switchmen and firemen in the Santa Fe yards here quit work. The company has been handling Burlington freight and this action was taken in pursuance of the policy determined upon at the general meeting of yardsmen last Saturday night. The men have no other complaint and will go to work on the condition that they are not required to handle "Q" freight.

THE THREE HOTTEST DAYS IN 1888.

In his article on "Where to Spend the Summer," in Scribner's for April. Gen. Greely, chief signal officer, makes a prophesy as to the hottest days in the year 1888. The Detroit Journal, taking the matter up, has offered a prize of $500 to the person guessing correctly, before June 1st, what the 3 days will be. Gen. Greely immediately telegraphed his guess to the paper, in accord with his reasons in *Scribner's* for April.

LOCAL SQUIBS.

——Garden digging is going on lively all around.

——Jas. Lingle, farmer, near this place, is quite ill.

——D. J. Meyer took a trip to Berks county this week.

——Boozer keeps the very best kind of harness oil. try it.

——Don't fail to visit Pearlstine's new store when in Bellefonte.

——J. W. Wolf and family spent several days of this week in Williamsport.

——Dan Hess vows he'll not go fishing this summer—cause, he don't like to get wet.

——A Mr. Lesher has rented the Zerby property down town and will move in this week.

——"Are you making garden?"—Daily *News*. Well that's none of your business—its a private family affair.

——Jack Dale, of Osceola, formerly of this place, was here on a flying visit and gave the REPORTER a call.

——Oscar Emerick we hear will teach a select primary school at this place and will start in on Monday next.

——W. W. Moyer has opened a new dry goods store at Bellefonte in the room vacated by McFarlane's hardware.

——Spring and summer stock of ready made clothing is being unpacked at the Rochester clothing House, Bellefonte.

——Sidney Bairfoot was well enough to reach here by train on Monday. The change will, no doubt, be for the better

——Lyon & Co. have unpacked an immense line of Spring and summer goods and quote prices on same in another column.

——Our neighbor, Andy Reesman, is not enjoying the best of heath, and has been confined to the house several days already.

——Tuesday morning brought a change of weather. It was cloudy, cool and the ground moist with a light rainfall during the night.

——The "Reformed Church Record," is a new paper published at Reading by Daniel Miller. We have the first issue on our table.

——Stop in at Flemings, fashionable tailoring establishment, Bellefonte, and see the new styles in gents clothing for spring and summer.

——A. C. Mingle has something to say in another column in regard to boots and shoes. Don't fail to visit Mingle's shoe store when in Bellefonte.

——Stover & Mott, the marble men, at Bellefonte, received recently a car load of marble and are offering tombstones and monuments at reduced rates.

——The frog concerts will soon begin—free to all for the entire season—music begins at dusk. Crickets and katydids will join the frog troupe in the fall.

——Fleming the tailor, Bellefonte, has opened up his new stock for suitings, for spring and summer wear. New styles will be worn this year and he has them in stock.

——Mr. Sidney Bairfoot suffering from consumption, seems to be failing fast, and is confined to his bed; if not too ill, he will be brought over from Bellefonte to his home in this town.

——Young man if you want to keep up with the styles stop buying second hand cheap clothing and go to, Fleming, the tailor Bellefonte, for a fine fitting suit. Keeps only the latest styles and the best workmen. Give him a trial and have the latest.

——If you want a good article in the way of fine dress boots and shoes at the lowest prices, call at Graham's shoe store Bellefonte. They have an elegant line of all kinds, prices to suit every body. The best gents $3 00 fine shoe in Bellefonte, you will find at Graham's shoe store A better and finer quality if desired. Remember the place, corner store Brockerhoff Row.

——Misses Emma and Mollie Snyder, firm of Snyder Sisters, have gone to New York and Philadelphia to purchase the finest selection and largest stock of millinery ever brought to Bellefonte, or Centre county. General opening days, Thursday, and Friday, April 26 and 27. All are invited. SNYDER SISTERS,
Bellefonte, Pa.

AARONSBURG.

Jerome Stambach has moved his family to Mrs. Robes house and has gone back to Somerset Co. to take charge of a steam saw mill.

John H. Musser is tearing down the old Kurtz shop and George Bright is removing his old shop, two old land marks that have stood for many years.

Miss Mary Fry, who had gone to Reading with H. G. Shaffer has returned and with her mother will go to Williamsport where they expect to make their home in the future.

Andrew Immel has moved into Homan's house, lately purchased of Fry, where he keeps "bachelors hall" and carries the mail.

Oscar Wolf and his brother John, last week left for Kansas City, Missouri Oscar expects to follow his trade, that of a blacksmith, while John will work on a farm.

Samuel Diehl will in a few days take the road to Clearfield with a lot of bran new buggies.

George Homan sold his Clydesdale colt to Mr. Schrack of Sugar Valley who has one to mate it in every particular.

Mrs. T. J Kister starts for Scranton this week, where her husband has charge of a printing office.

Frederick Reager sold one of his squares to G. M. Rupp for $200.00.

D. H. Dentler and D. H. Rote are each running an incubator and raising their chicks in brooders.

NEW GOODS AT THE STONE MILL.

A. S. Kerlin is in Philadelphia this week selecting a stock of goods for the spring and summer seasons and will be opened up at Arthur Kerlins store at the Stone Mill in a few days. Look out for the new goods.

——M. Fauble, proprietor of the celebrated Rochester Clothing House, in Reynolds new building Bellefonte, was in the city this week and brings back the finest line of ready made clothing and gents furnishing goods ever seen in this county.

——The best fence wire ever used in the county is the link barb wire sold at McFarland's mammoth hardware store, Crider's Block, Bellefonte. A heavy stock of this wire has just been received and will be sold at prices to suit. It is the easiest put up and the nicest to handle. Don't forget, Crider's Block, Bellefonte. Look for "Hardware" on the roof.

——Please call and examine our large stock of cloths and cassimeres suitable for any garment in men's wear—a full assortment of overcoats "READY MADE." The largest line of hats, caps and furnishing goods in the county—all work guaranteed to fit or no sale."

MONTGOMERY & Co.
Brockerhoff Row & Humes Block.

——The Mifflinburg Telegraph says Mr. Wm. Young, formerly of that place, now of Phila., gets a verdict in the Philadelphia Courts for $39,390 against Jas. E. Reber, of Reading, Pa., after spending 5 days trying the case. In 1881 Mr. Young purchased 426 shares of the stock of "The Pennsylvania Graphite Mining and Manufacturing Co." in the purchase of which he claimed that he had been deceived and defrauded out of his money and brought suit therefor, and recovered a verdict as above stated.

——James Houghton, of Lewisburg, died very suddenly on Sunday. After leaving his bed in the morning, he felt a slight pain on his left shoulder, but this was nothing unusual, as he had been rheumatic for years. Otherwise, he was in fair health. When he sat down to breakfast he was eating the second egg, when his wife saw his head droop, and he rested it on his plate. She called her son, J. W. Houghton, who lives in the same house, who raised his father's head. He gasped several times and died. He had evidently been stricken with an attack of neuralgia of the heart. He was in his 78th year.—Chronicle.

A wonderful interest has been shown throughout the West in Prof. James Baldwin's paper, "The Centre of the Republic," in *Scribner's Magazine* for April. It is an inspiring account of the rise and progress of the Ohio Valley, suggested by the Centennial celebration soon to take place at Cincinnati. Prof. Baldwin's account of what has been accomplished produces a glow of patriotism and makes his readers proud of their birthright.

The soft coal miners in the mountain between Gallitzin and South York, 4000 to 5000 in number have decided not to accept a reduction of ten per cent on the paying price of 45 cents per ton net, and a strike is expected. The operators say that they cannot compete with the coke producers about Pittsburg, and that the action and subsequent break of the Connellsville Coke Syndicate reducing coke to $1 per ton means ruin to them at present rates. The cokers at Coalport, Iroona and Punksutawney are now idle, involving 2200 ovens and 4000 men, and the situation is serious.

MARRIED.

On April 5, by the Rev. J. Horner Kerr, Mr. Michael N. Miller and Miss Lide A. McElroy.

It was at the home of the bride's cousin, Miss Emily Alexander, whose graceful hospitality has cheered many hearts, where the wedding bells had called a number of guests to share the festivities of the marriage.

After the handsome couple were tied, all were welcomed to the tables loaded with richly prepared and bountifully provided viands. A post-prandial was furnished by the town band, whose members are always ready to do the agreeable on important occasions.

After a few days' absence in the east, the happy couple will return, when *her* fixedness of principle and *his* habit of industry will combine to render them a valued acquisition to Spring Mills society. M.S.

DIED.

Near Tusseyville, on March 18th. Mrs. Ada L. Lee, wife of John Lee, aged 28 years and 27 days.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

MR. CONKLING VERY ILL.

A CRITICAL OPERATION PERFORMED ON THE EX-SENATOR'S HEAD.

Roscoe Conkling, who has been suffering for several days with an abscess of the ear and inflammation of the membrane of the brain, became delirious on Sunday. Dr. Fordyce Baker and Dr. D. Hayes Agnew were hastily summoned; also Mrs. Conkling hurried from Utica.

New York, April 9.—Ex-Senator Roscoe Conkling is lying to-night very near death's door and slight hopes are entertained of his recovery. An operation was performed by making an incision in the squamous portion of the temporal bone and raising the base of the brain by the aid of a mallet and chisel. About an ounce of pus flowed out. The patient was under the influence of ether but he rolled and tossed so that it was only with difficulty that the operation was performed. Dr. Barker said that while the recovery of the patient is not assured, he stands a much better chance than before. After the operation Mr. Conkling arose, walked into an adjoining room and returned.

Now is the time to buy a cheap pistol or revolver as we are selling off our stock to make room for new goods. A 22 calibre revolver for $1 25 and up, 32 calibre as low as $2 25.

BUSHMAN & KREAMER.

"Dr. Seller's Cough Syrup." Without exception has given satisfaction. Our readers give it a trial Druggists keep it. Price 25c. a bottle. ap.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF UNSEATED LANDS.

In pursuance of an Act of Assembly approved the 29 day of March, A. D. 1824, the County Commissioners will sell at public sale at the Court House in the Borough of Bellefonte on Thursday, the 10 day of May, 1888, the following tracts of unseated lands which had been sold to the county for unpaid taxes at sundry Treasurers' Sales, and which have remained in their hands unredeemed for five years or more to wit:—

No.	Acres	Per	Warranted.	Township.
1	50		John Moore	Benner
2	50		Andrew Coon	"
3	50		A D Harris	"
4	434	163	David Lewis	Boggs
5	12	63	Roland Curtin	"
6	150		Sarah Lane	"
7	400		D Carscadden	"
8	50		Jona Walker (owner)	"
9	433		Jos. G Wallace	Burnside
10	433	163	William Bell	"
11	60		J W & S C Parker	Curtin
12	433	163	Benj. R Morgan	"
13	158	98	J W Packer	"
14	71	121	Roland Curtin	"
15	20		A Hamilton	"
16	415		Jesse Brooks	"
17	284	31	Martha Godfrey	"
18	42		Samuel Hall	"
19	400		J Z Long	"
20	284		Charles Bruce	"
21	304	4	Job W Packer	"
22	153	93	J W Packer	"
23	320		Jona Miles	"
24	400		J Z Long	"
25	439	138	N L Adwood	"
26	10		Abram Hicks	Ferguson
27	93		Margaret Daugherty	Gregg
28	122	131	Wm Hepburn	"
29	280		Bernard Hubley	"
30	125		D Hensyl (owner)	Haines
31	150		D Hensyl (owner)	"
32	109		——Lowry	"
33	3	50	Abram Elder	Halfmoon
34	48		Daniel Beck	"
35	67	76	Isaac Shearer	"
36	63	89	Isaac Shearer	"
37	421	43	John Burg	"
38	50		John Irwin	Harris
39	208		Jno W Godfrey	Howard
40	200		Samuel Custin	"
41	90		Paul Custin	"
42	25		Joseph Baker	"
43	415		Martha Godfrey	"
44	104	63	John Brady	"
45	80		Henry Antis	"
46	217		Sarah Bonham	"
47	88		James T Hale	"
48	50		Joe Graysburg	"
49	104	63	John Brady	"
50	25		Joseph Graysburg	"
51	49		Samuel Leathers	"
52	50		A D Harris	"
53	119	15	C B Welch	"
54	231		——Moore	Huston
55	100		J & D Gunsallus	Liberty
56	100		Job W Packer	"
57	40		——Longbottom	"
58	26		Jere Sheridan	"
59	98		John Potter	"
60	55	18	J D Shugart	Marion
61	53		——McCalmont	"
62	46		J J Lingle	"
63	400		McCoy & Linn	"
64	75		Thomas Tones	Miles
65	156	60	S Derr & Jac Stahl	"
66	196	42	Simon Gratz	"
67	195	1	Simon Gratz	"
68	123	47	Simon Gratz	"
69			Wm Brady	"
70	250		Jere Jackson	"
71	76		A Hienter	Potter
72	42		James Moore	"
73	400		Daniel Levy	"
74	400		Wm Hoffman	"
75	170		——Parker	"
76	100		Henry Gross	"
77	250		Jno Copenhaver	Rush
78	164	10	James Allison	"
79	776		Copenhaver & Witcome	"
80	6		Jas Nelson (Est owner)	"
81	433	153	Thos Greaves	"
82	433	153	Daniel Lewis	"
83	433	153	Jacob Wetzel	"
84	433	153	Richard Malone	"
85	433	153	Jas Toner	"
86	433	153	Wm Gray	"
87	433	153	Philip Eberman	"
88	196		Henry Vandyke	"
89	456		John Brackbill	"
90	200		John Copenhaver	"
91	433	153	David Lewis	"
92	433	153	Richard Malone	"
93	430		Charles Lucas	"
94	433	153	John Spear	"
95	381	153	Andrew Allison	"
96	433	153	Joseph Welch	"
97	433	153	John McCommon	"
98	216		Robt Rainey	"
99	433	153	Richard Malone	"
100	12	13	Robert King	"
101	433	153	A Reighart	"
102	433	153	Henry Pinkerton	"
103	400		John Copenhaven	"
104	270		Hugh McEntire	"
105	50		Robert King	"
106	40		Wm P Mitchell	Snow Shoe
107	400		D Carskadden	"
108	216	83	Jeremiah Parker	"
109	433		George Parker	"
110	450		Sarah McLanahan	"
111	450		Sarah McLanahan	"
112	300		Lewis Lewis	"
113	152		Richard Jones	"
114	109		Sarah Bettebell	"
115	250		Henry Toole	Spring
116	15		John L Kurtz	"
117	100		Michael Weidner	Taylor
118	100		Michael Weidner	"
119	413	163	Thos McCommon	"
120	100		James Moore	"
121	200		James Carr	"
122	80		Jacob Beck	"
123	100		George Mong	"
124	100		Wm Wilson	"
125	71		Thomas McClure	"
126	100		Jacob Beck	"
127	400		Wm Bell	"
128	76		Geo Anshuster	"
129	100		J C Bell	"
130	128		John W Thomas	"
131	438		John W Thomas	"
132	100		John W Thomas	"
133	116		John W Thomas	"
134	100		Geo Cowher (owner)	"
135	92		Thomas Wallace	"
136	100		Wm Brown	Union
137	250		Adam Dale	"
138	200		P & R Kunes	"
139	100		Jane Blake	"
140	100		Samuel Phipps	"
141	50		Boyce Davis	"
142	50		Boyce Davis	"
143	50		Boyce Davis	"
144	22	47	Ebenezer Hahn	Walker
145	¾		Robt Campbell	Worth

April5-4t

We have just received a new lot of the celebrated Davis and New Home sewing machines, which we are offering at rock bottom prices. We extend an invitation to all to come and see these machines and be convinced that they are the best in the market.

BUSHMAN & KREAMER.

H. H. SCHREYER,

BISHOP ST.,

Bellefonte, Pa.

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CARPETS.

In order to make room for our *Big Spring Stock* we are offering some patterns, ends, etc., at *Greatly Reduced Prices.*

——0——

We have carpets as low as 20cts. per yard--and right good at that. RAG carpet 25 cents per yard up. We are also headquarters for heavy and light draperies, curtin poles, etc.

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WALL PAPER

Having Just purchased the largest stock of wall paper ever brought to Central Pennsylvania, at such prices that it cannot be manufactured for.

We are ready to sell at equally low prices such as will astonish you when you see them.

——0——

Come and let us give you prices.

——0——

Remember, the prices we give on carpets are only for ends and such patterns as we carried over from last year.

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H. H. SCHREYER,

BISHOP ST.,

Bellefonte, Pa.

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